

August 15, 2013

# **Atlantic Basin Seasonal Hurricane Prediction**

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Department of Atmospheric Science

# Outline

- § Introduction
- § Atlantic Basin Multi-Decadal Variability
- § 2012 Atlantic Basin Seasonal Forecast Verification
- § 2013 Atlantic Basin Seasonal Outlook
- § Two-Week Forecasts

**“It's tough to make predictions,  
especially about the future”**

**HOWEVER...**

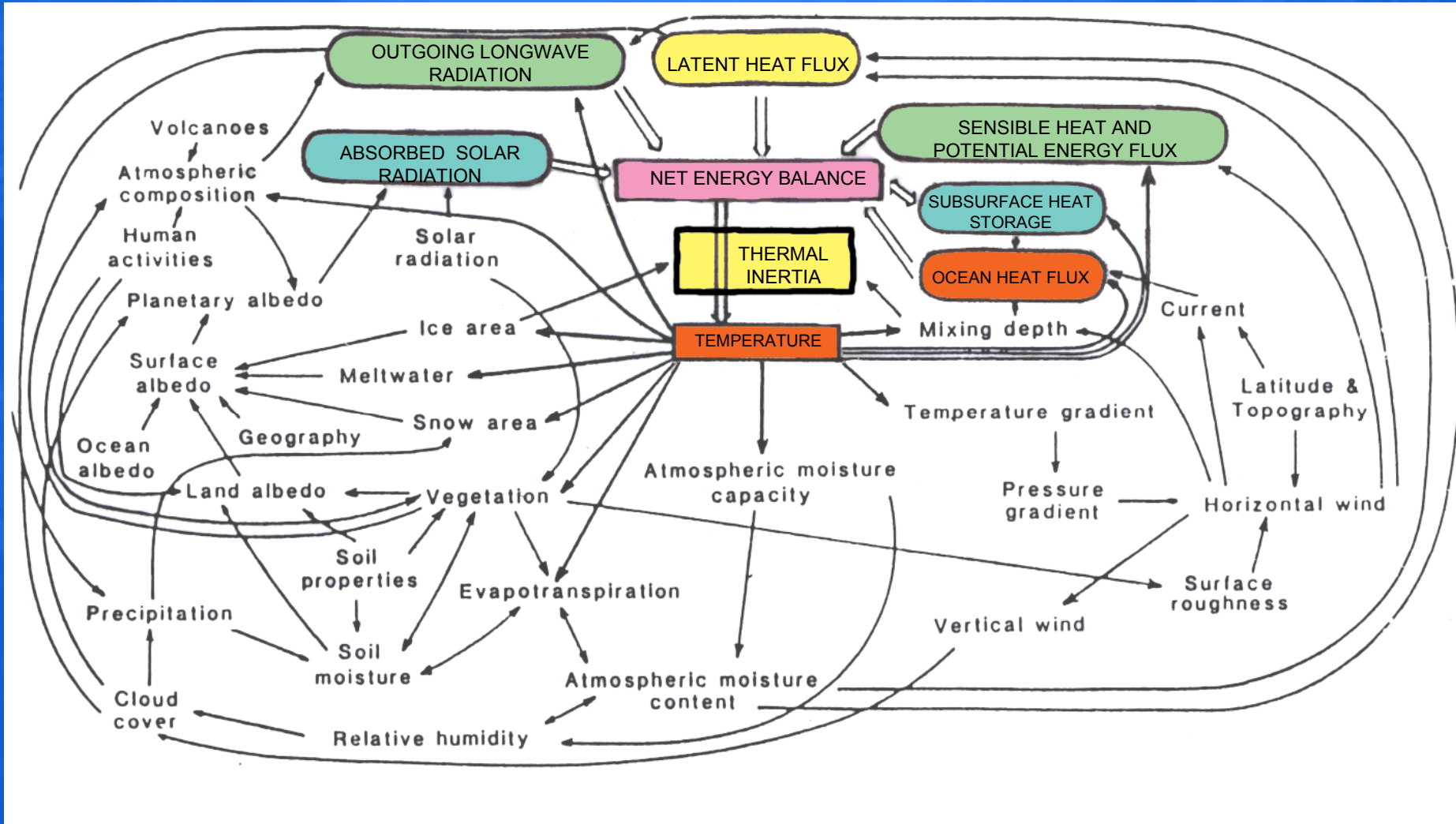
**“You can see a lot by looking”**

**Yogi Berra**





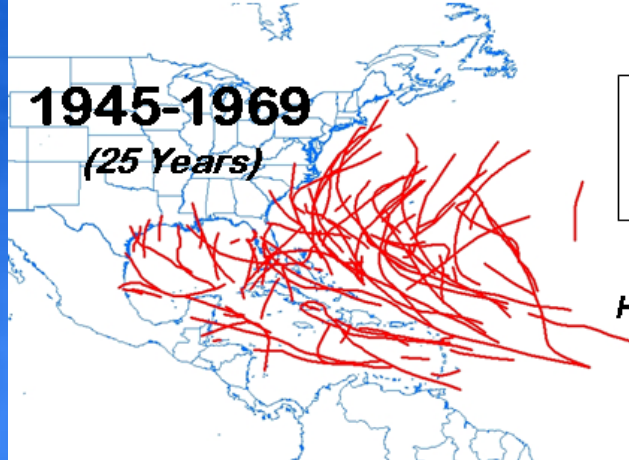
# CLIMATE COMPLICATION



Flow diagram for climate modeling, showing feedback loops.  
From Robock (1985).

# **Multi- Decadal Variability – AMO (THC)**

**1945-1969**  
(25 Years)



ATLANTIC  
THC  
STRONG

80 MAJOR  
HURRICANES

RATIO  
RELATIVE  
TO  
1970-1994  
# #  
MH MHD

2.1 3.2

**1970-1994**  
(25 Years)



ATLANTIC  
THC  
WEAK

38 MAJOR  
HURRICANES

1.0 1.0

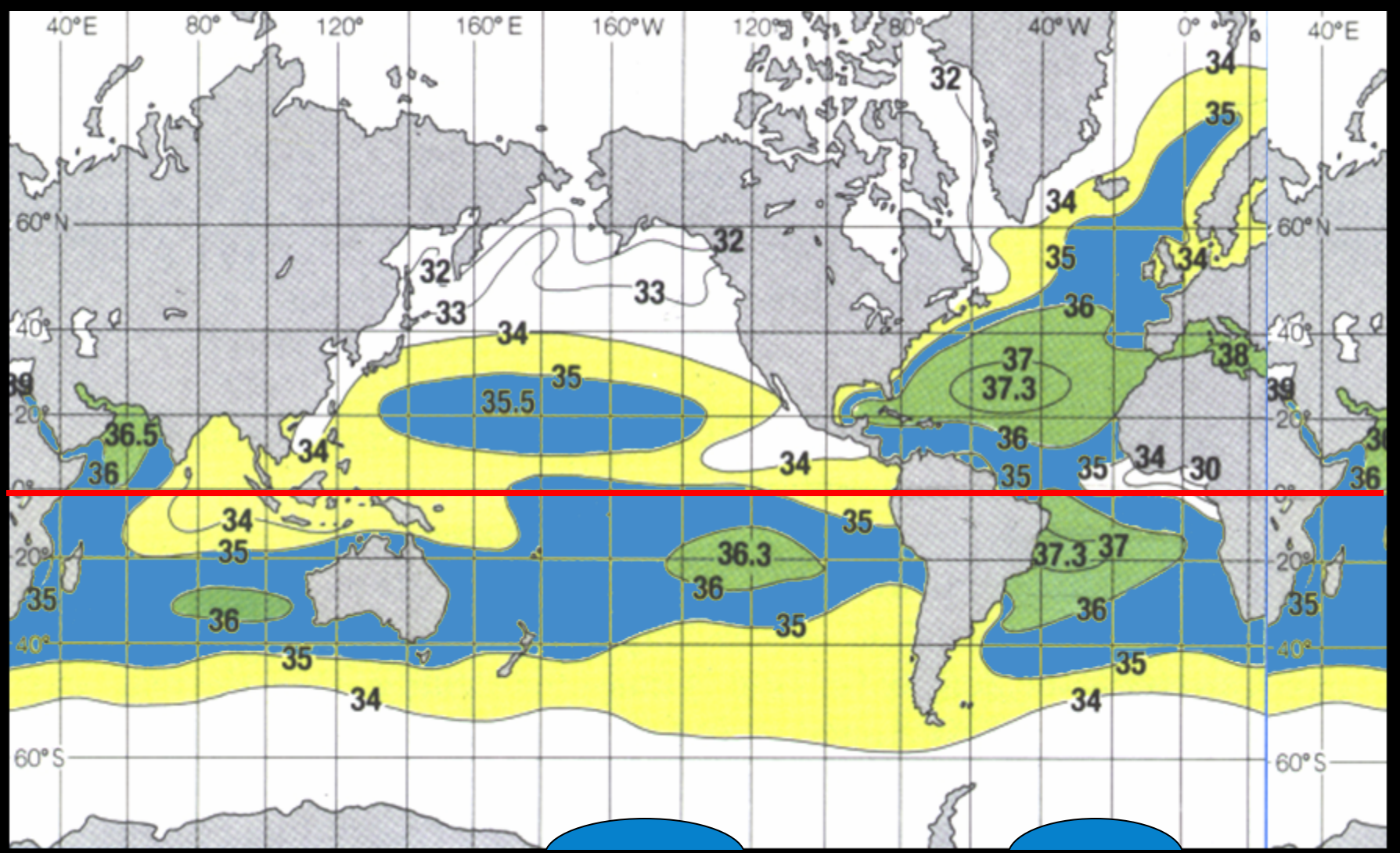
**1995-2012**  
(18 Years)

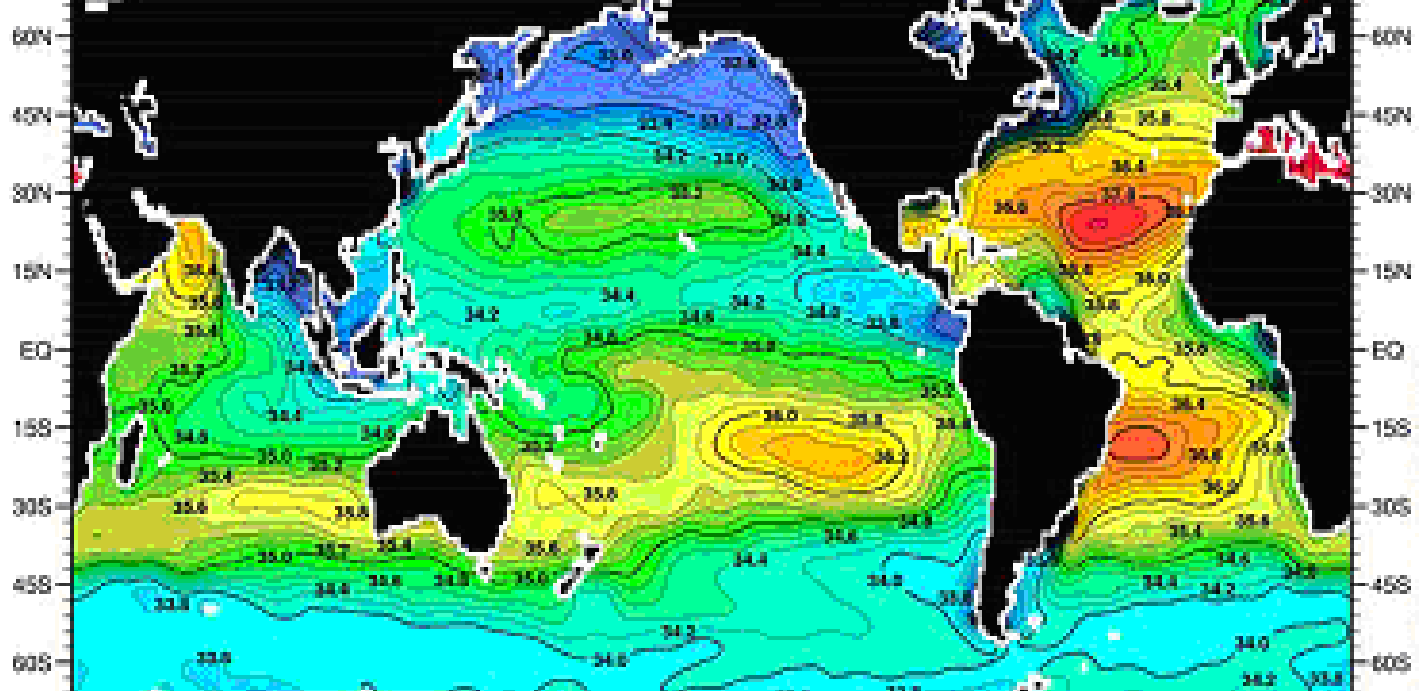


ATLANTIC  
THC  
STRONG

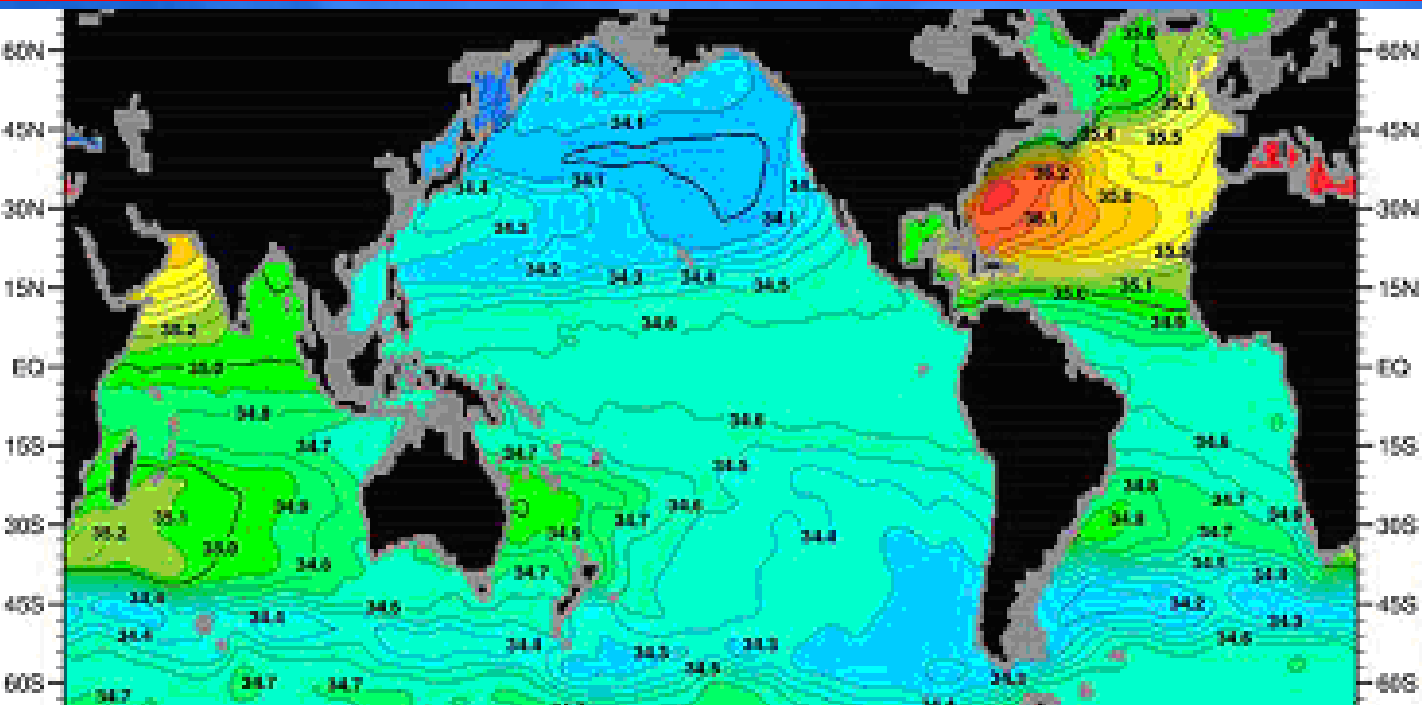
66 MAJOR  
HURRICANES  
or 92 Normalized  
to 25 Years

2.4 3.4



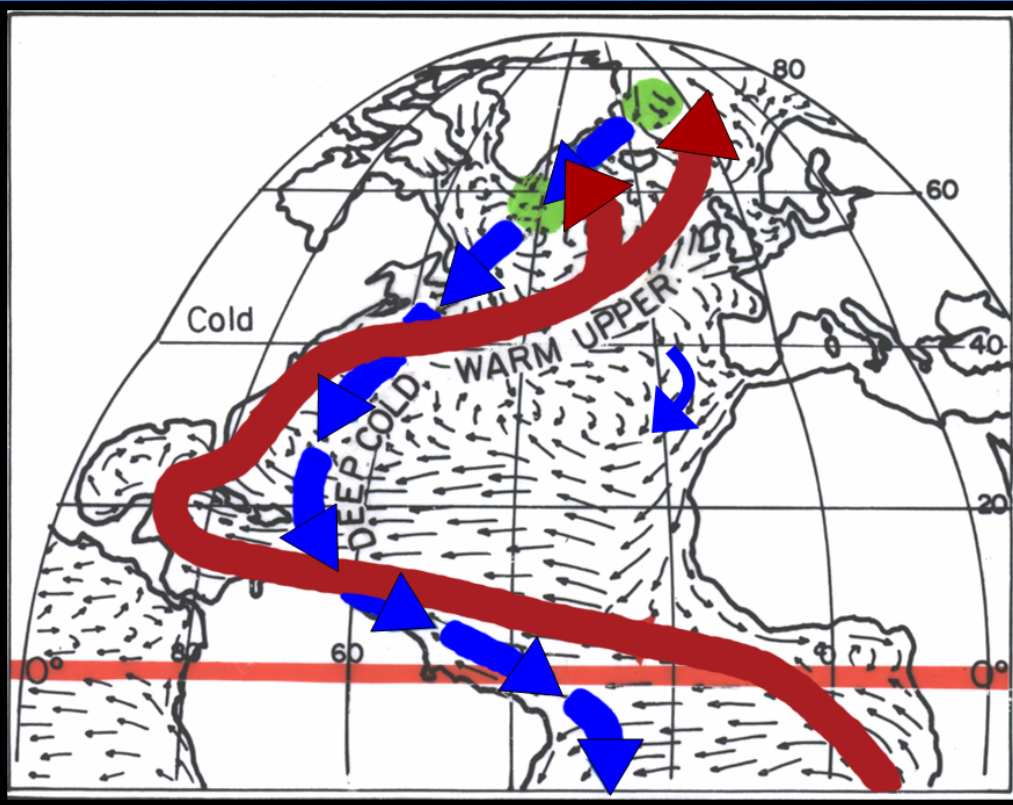


**SALINITY  
SURFACE**

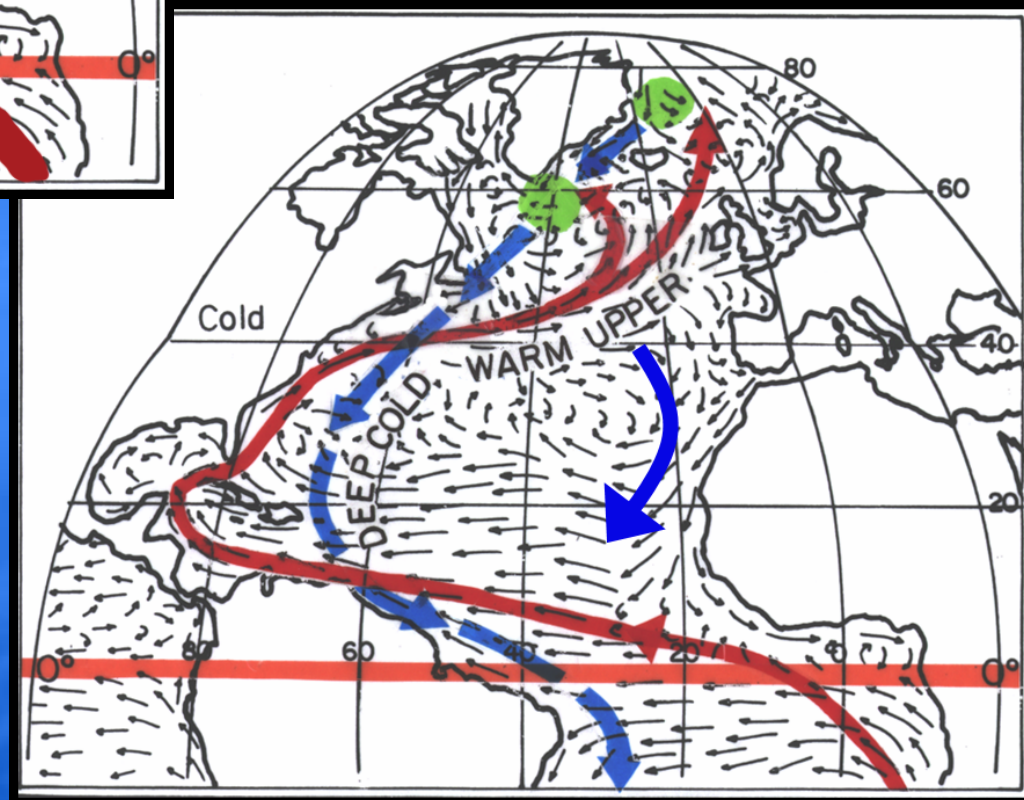


**SALINITY  
500  
METERS**

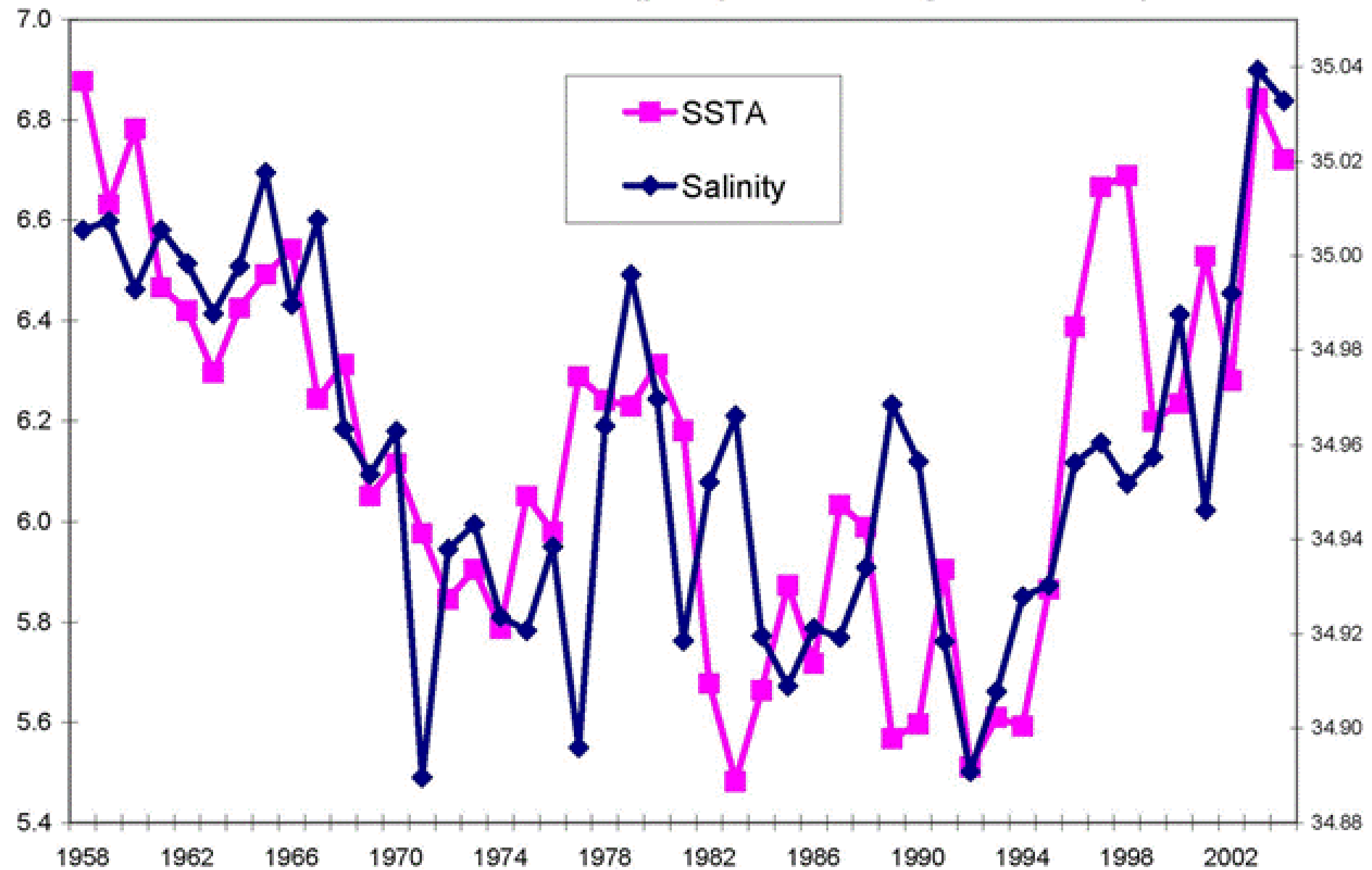
THC (or AMO)  
←  
STRONG

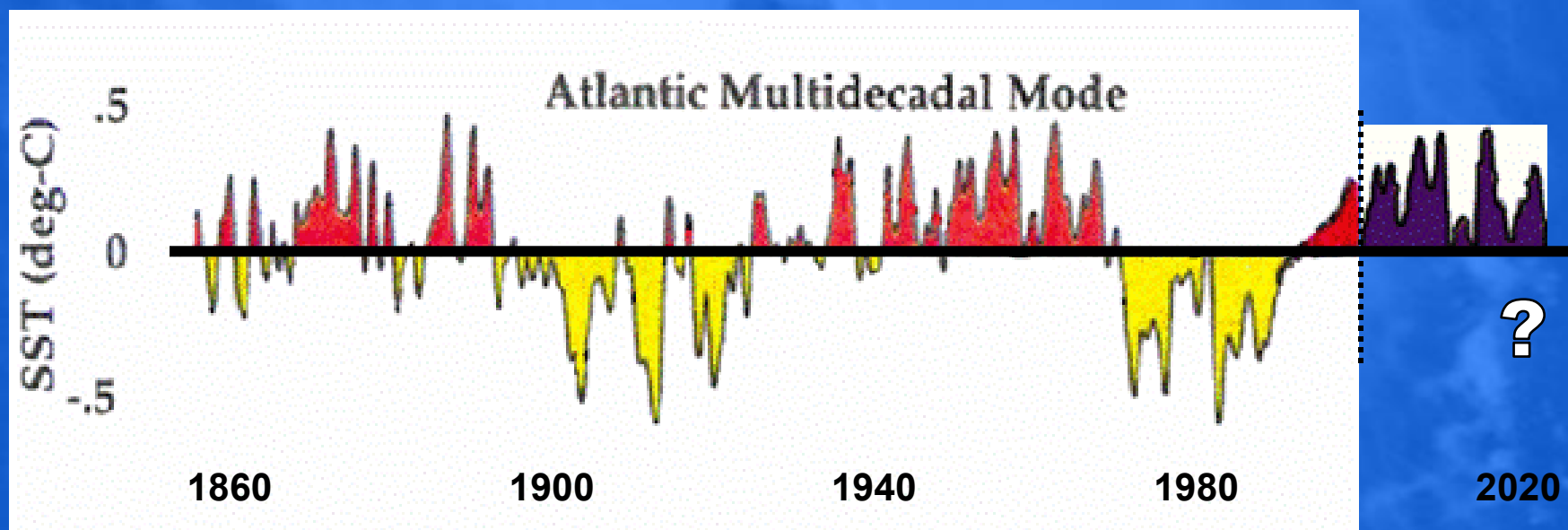
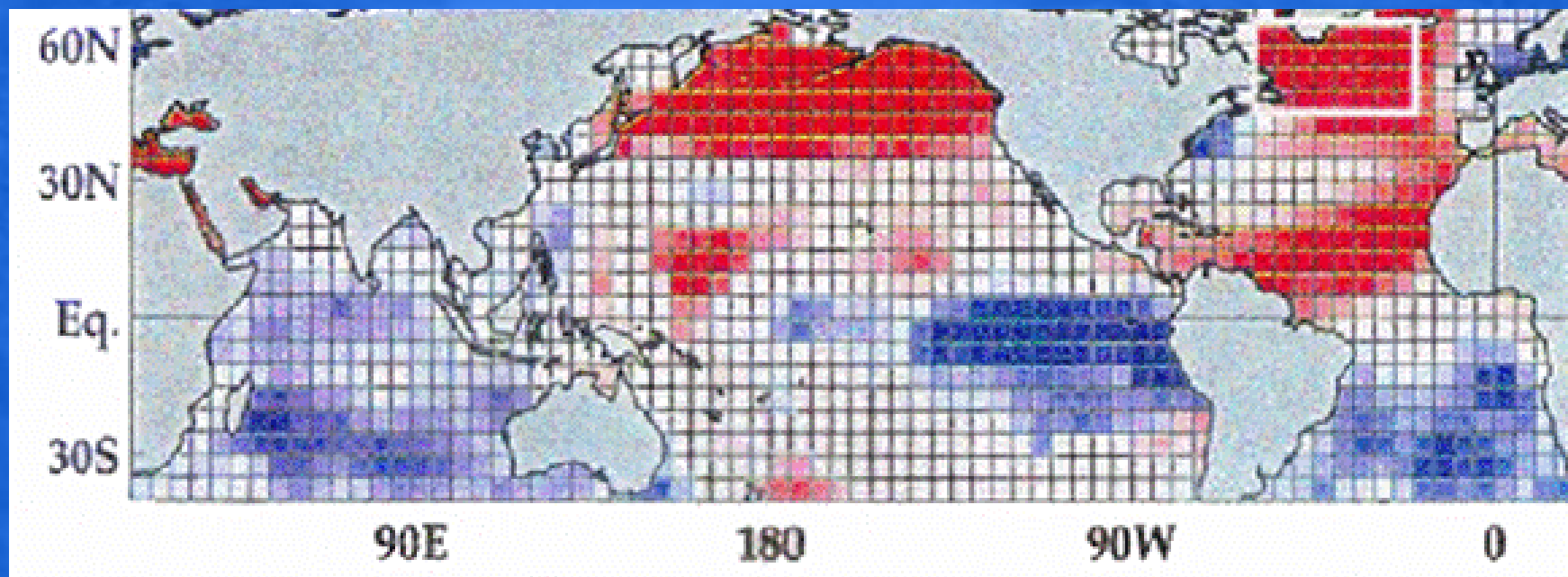


THC (or AMO)  
→  
WEAK



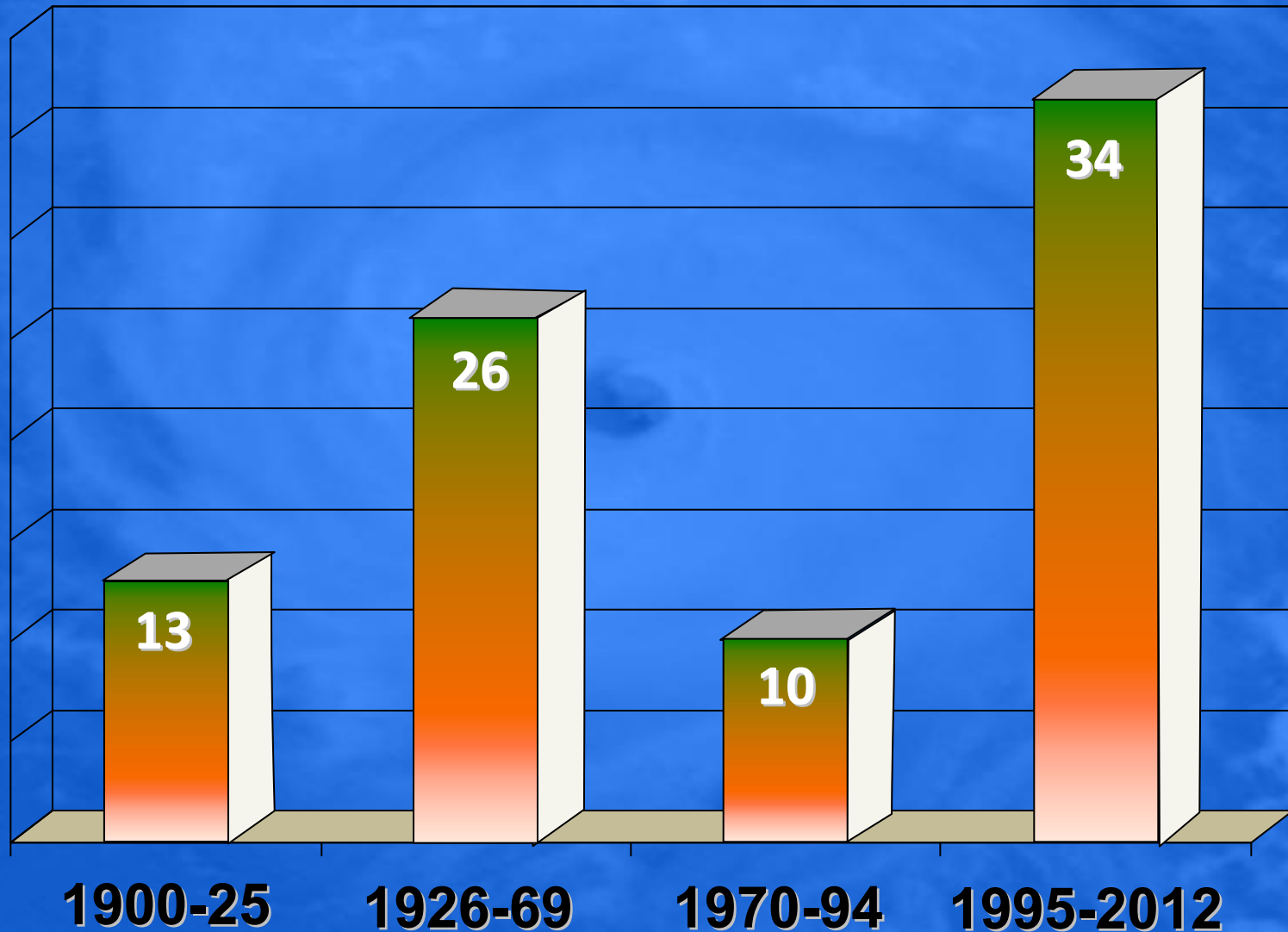
50°-65°N; 50°W-10°W (yearly value averages 1958-2004)





*Goldenberg et al. (2001)*

# Annual Number of 6 Hour Periods for Cat. 3-4-5 Hurricanes in the Atlantic



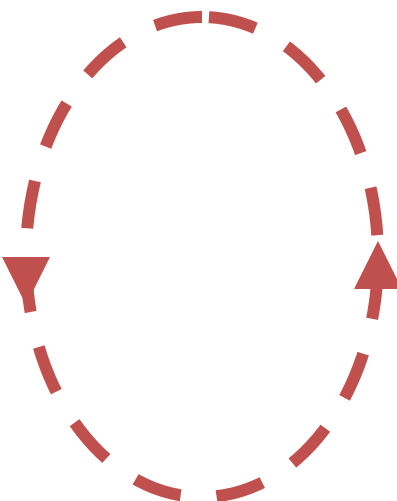
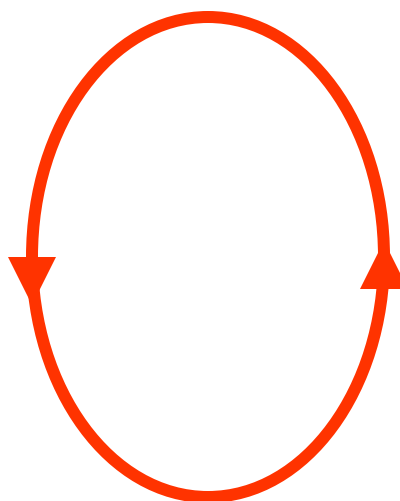
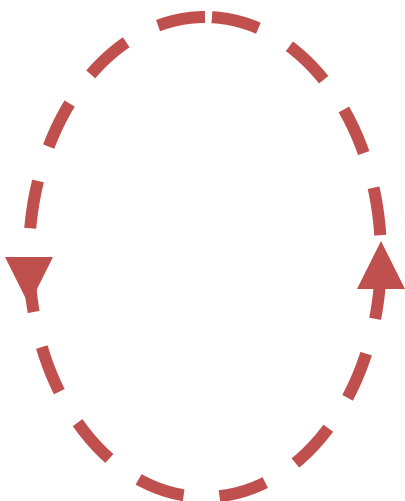
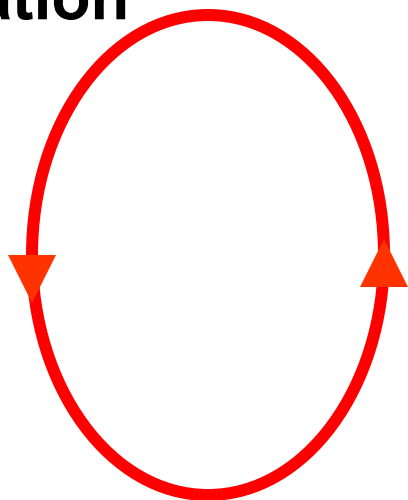
**FAST**

**SLOW**

**FAST**

**SLOW**

# Thermohaline Circulation



Rate of Salt Buildup  
from (E-P) - River = 0

*Salt Anomaly ( $S^1$ )*

( $S^1$ )

( $S^1$ )

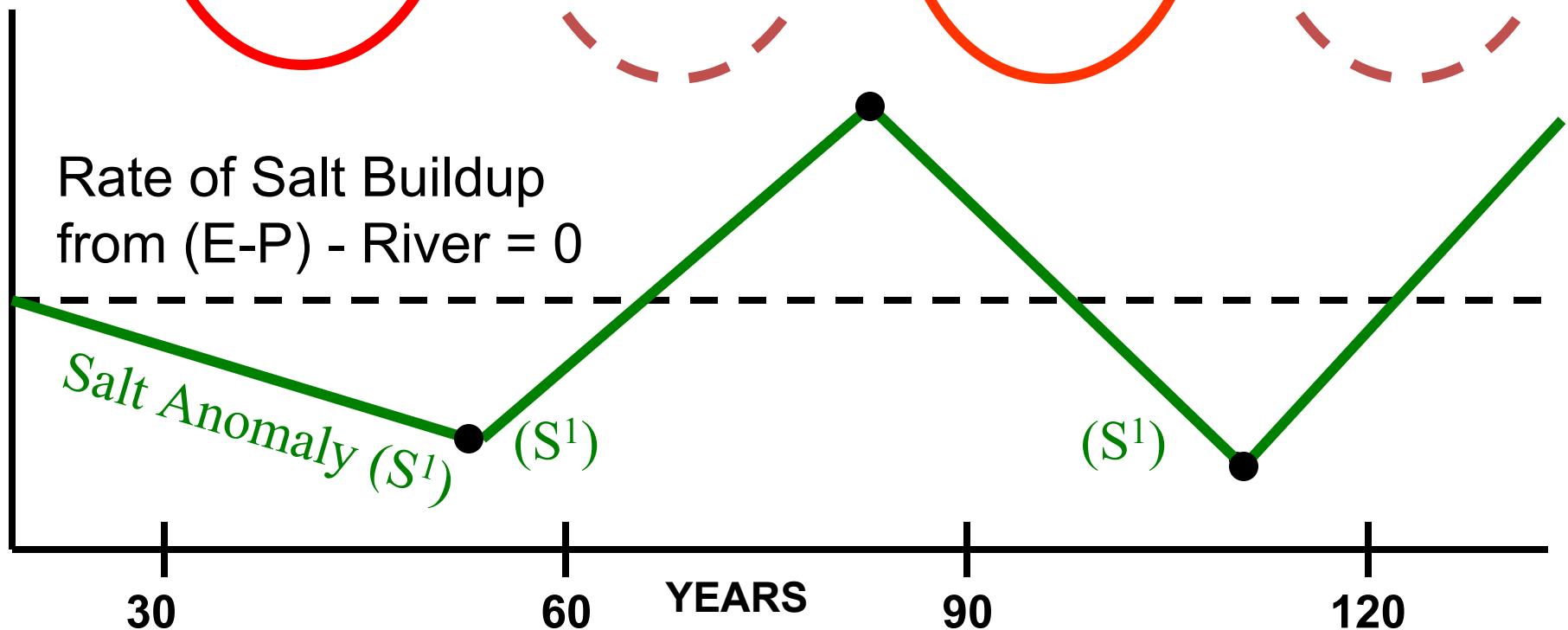
YEARS

30

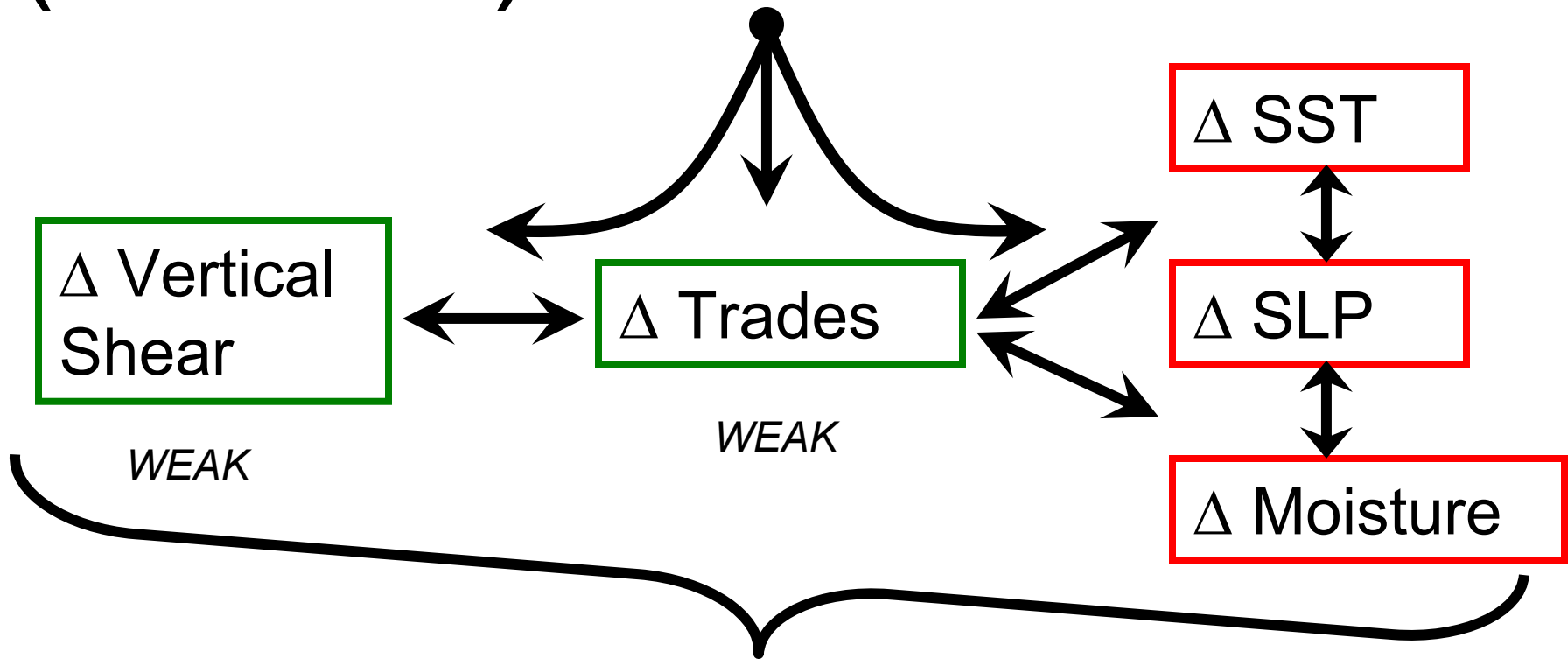
60

90

120



# ATLANTIC OCEAN THC (or AMO) CHANGES



Change in hurricane  
frequency & intensity

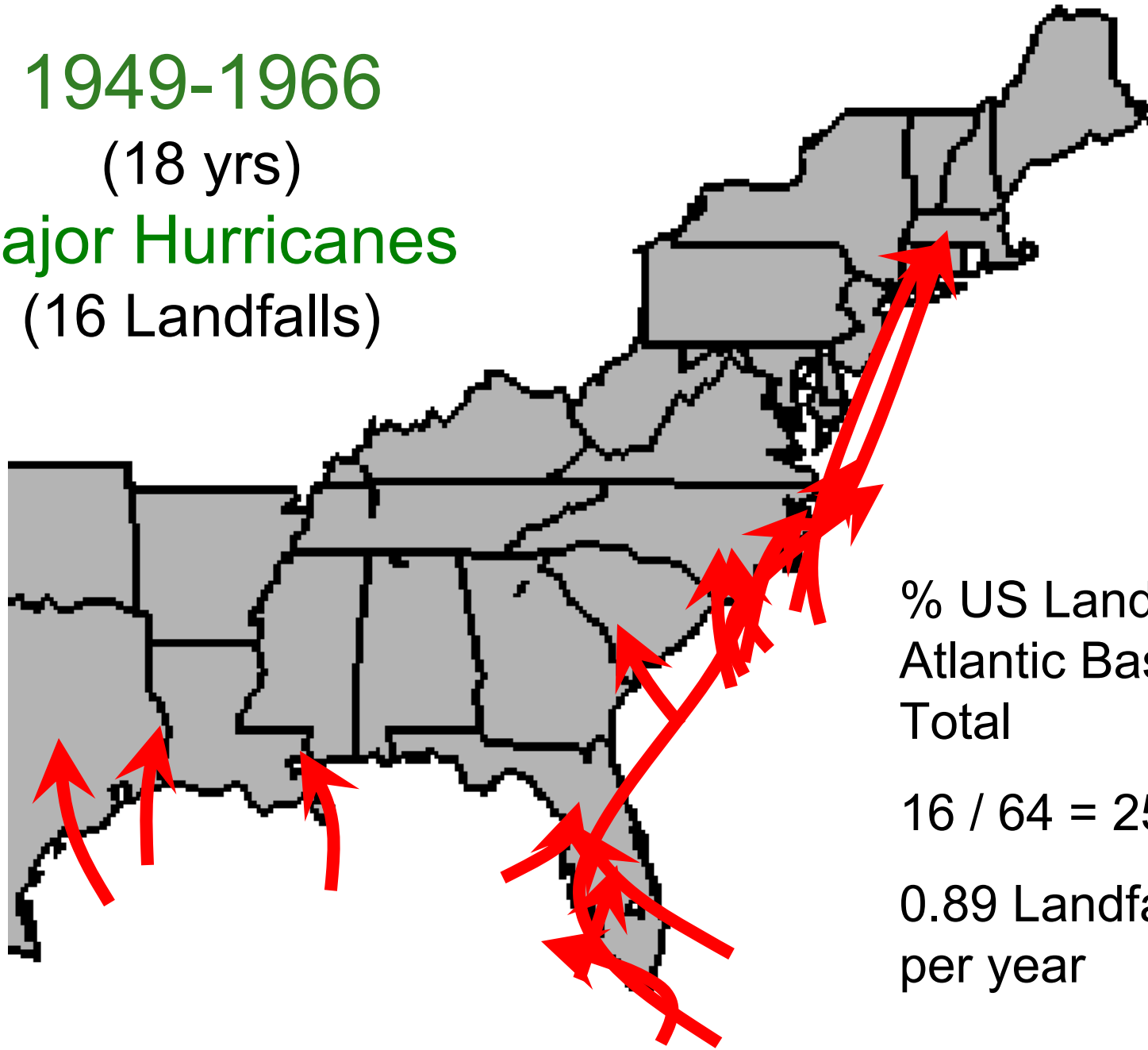
**Lucky  
Recent  
Years Not  
Likely To  
Continue**

1949-1966

(18 yrs)

Major Hurricanes

(16 Landfalls)



% US Landfall to  
Atlantic Basin  
Total

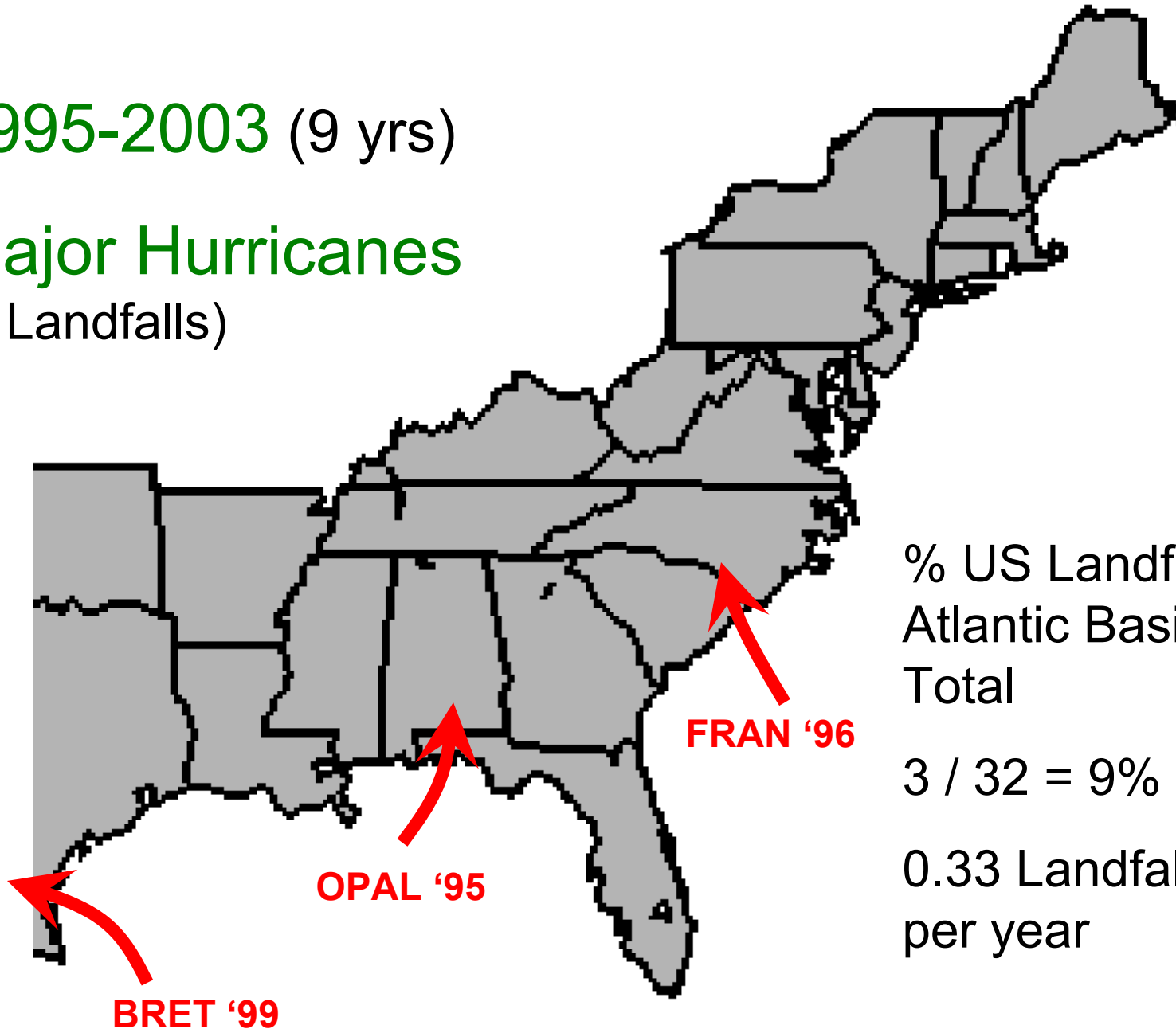
$16 / 64 = 25\%$

0.89 Landfalls  
per year

1995-2003 (9 yrs)

## Major Hurricanes

(3 Landfalls)



% US Landfall to  
Atlantic Basin  
Total

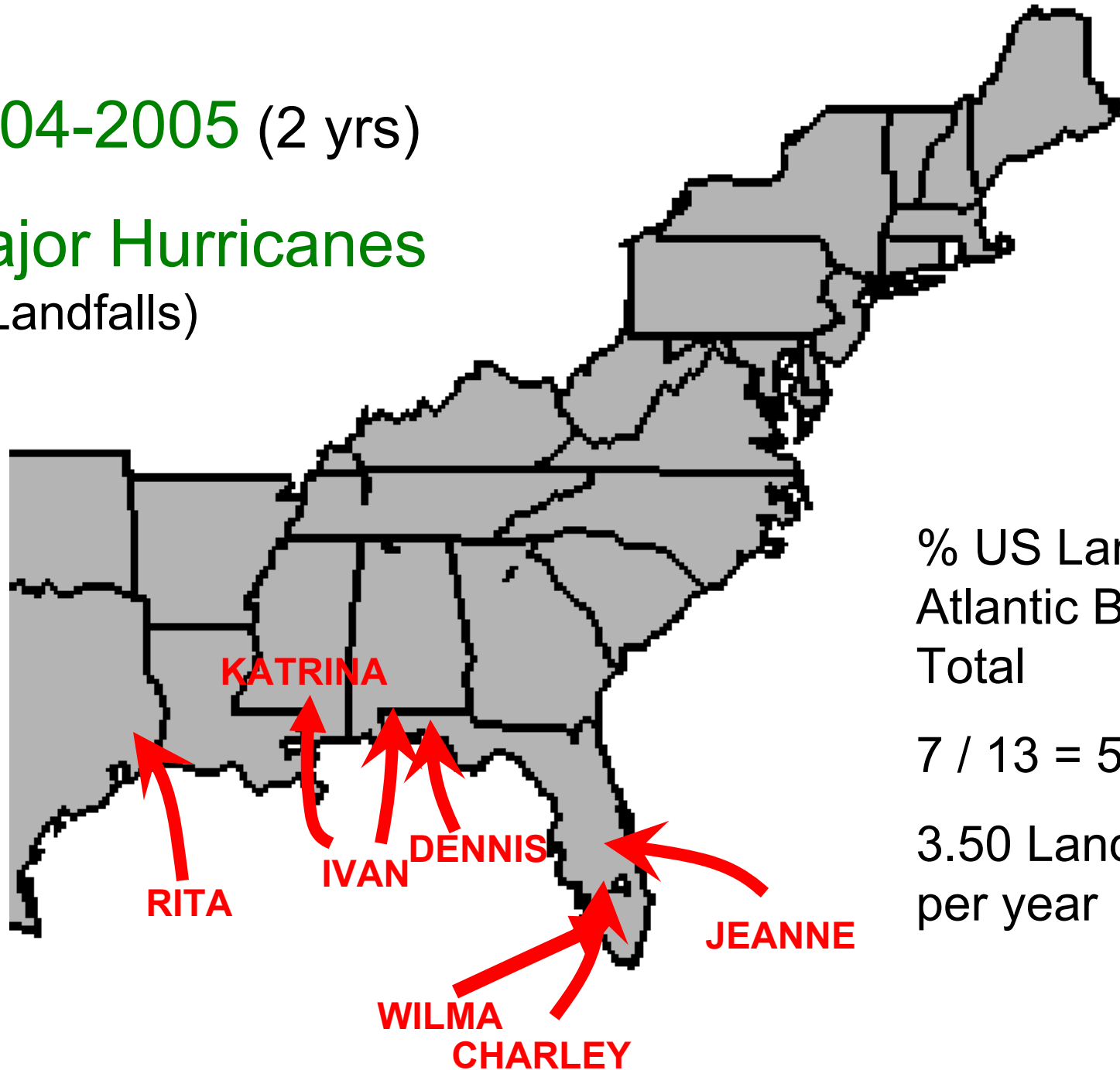
$$3 / 32 = 9\%$$

0.33 Landfalls  
per year

2004-2005 (2 yrs)

## Major Hurricanes

(7 Landfalls)



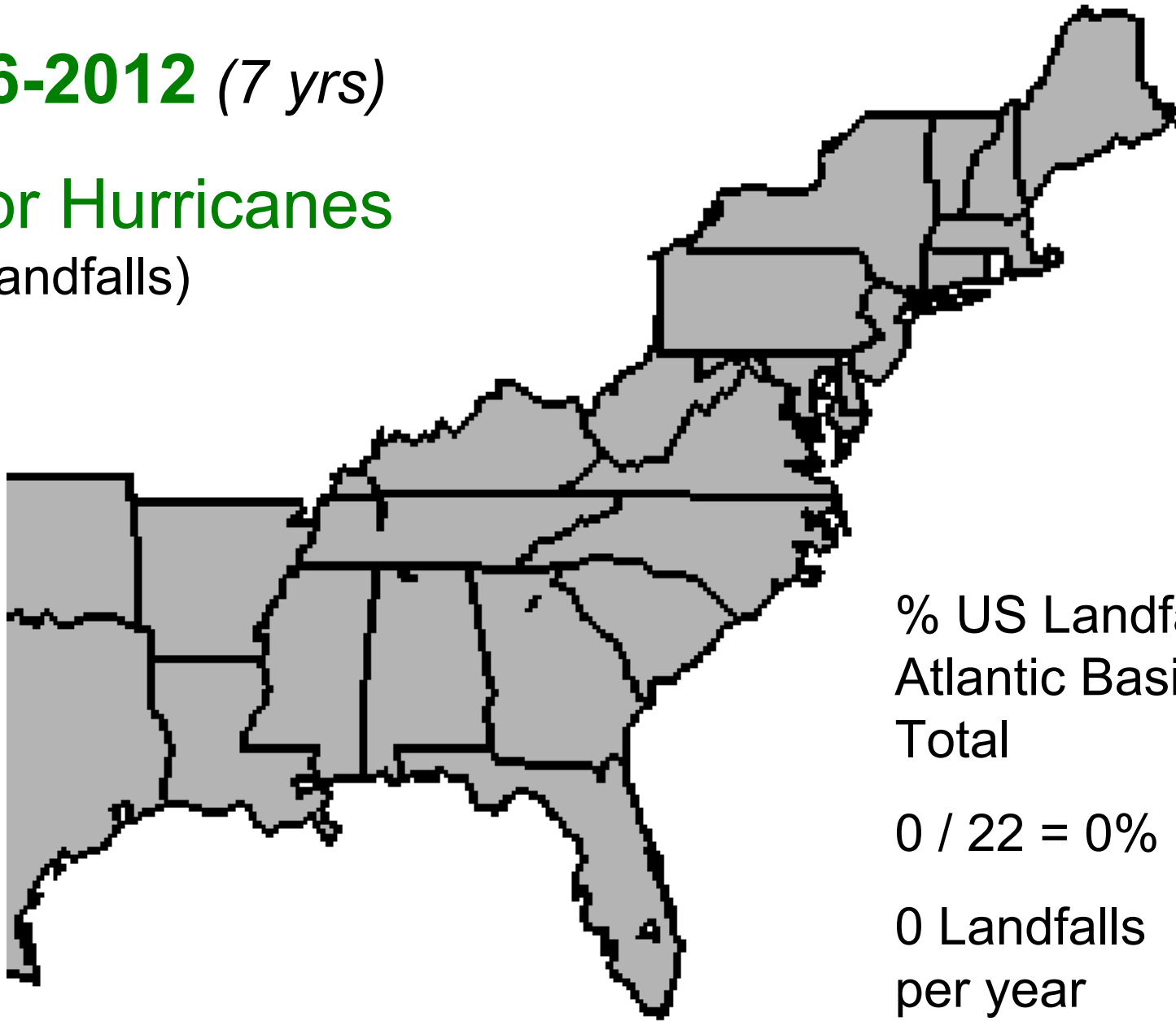
% US Landfall to  
Atlantic Basin  
Total

$$7 / 13 = 54\%$$

3.50 Landfalls  
per year

**2006-2012** (7 yrs)

**Major Hurricanes**  
(No Landfalls)



% US Landfall to  
Atlantic Basin  
Total

0 / 22 = 0%

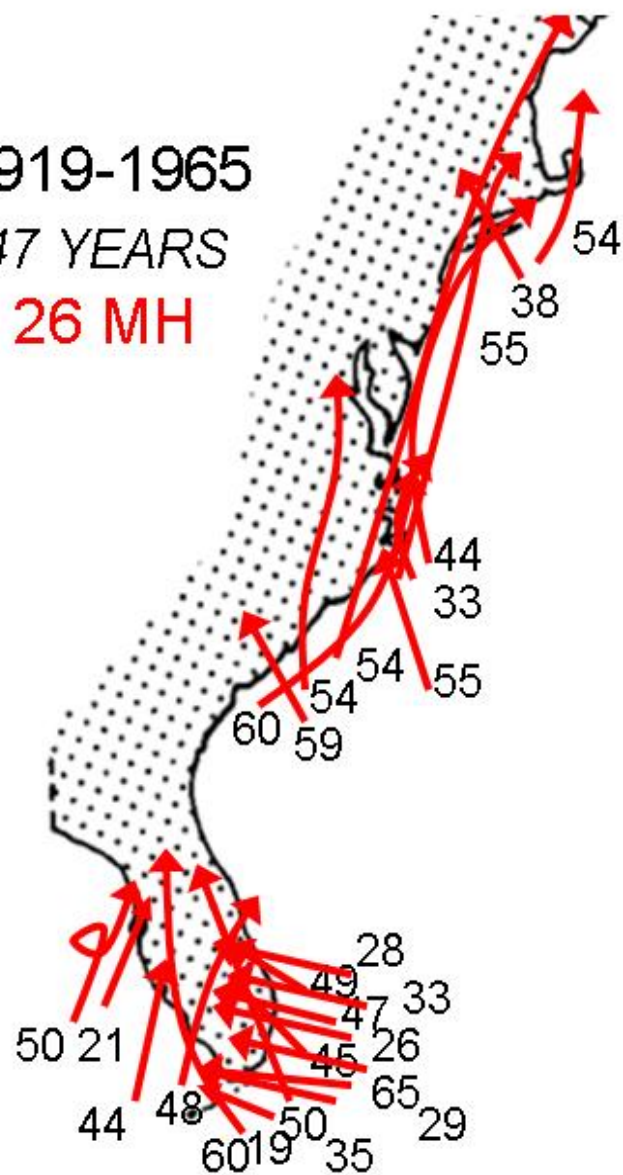
0 Landfalls  
per year

# MAJOR HURRICANE LANDFALL

1919-1965

47 YEARS

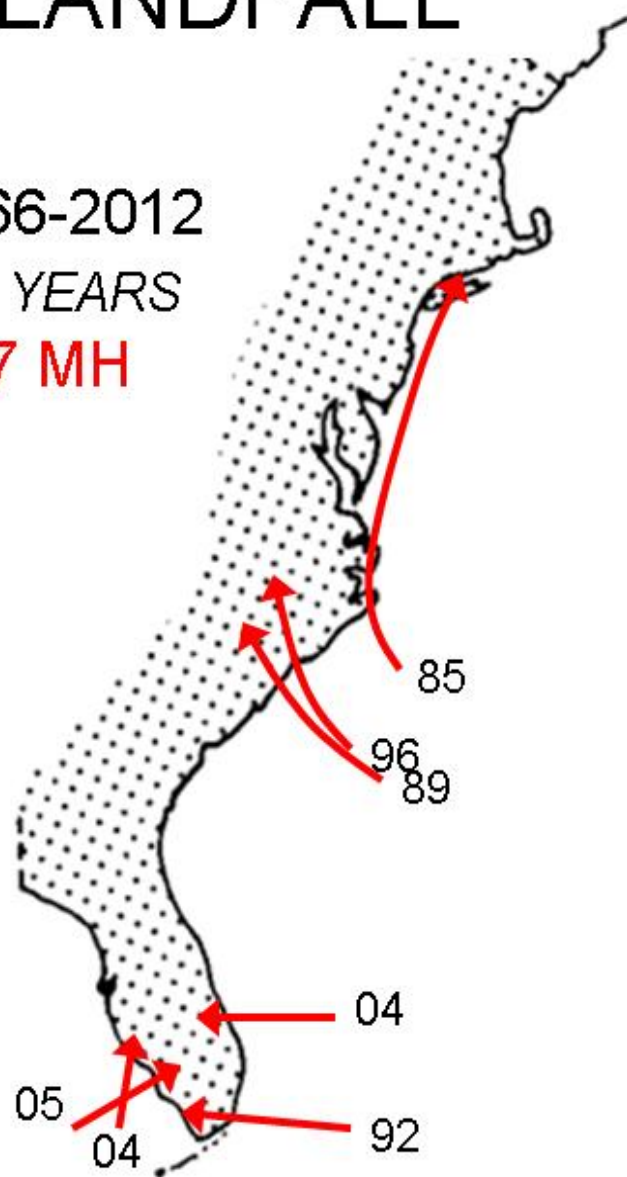
26 MH



1966-2012

47 YEARS

7 MH



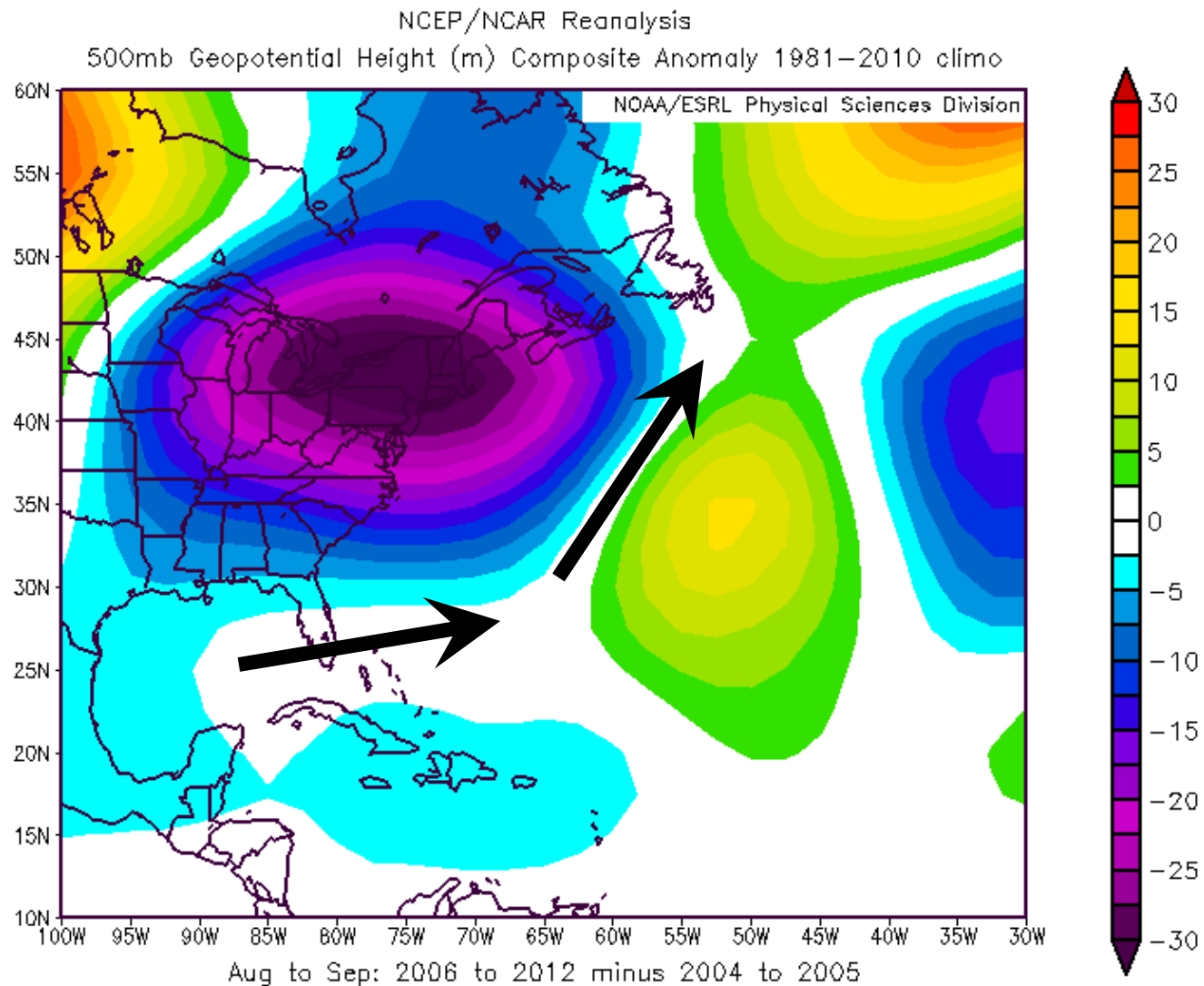


Figure 12: Average 500-mb height pattern difference of 2006-2012 minus 2004-2005. Note the anomalous troughing that has prevailed along the U.S. East Coast, causing systems to recurve before they could impact the U.S. mainland.

The background of the slide is a deep blue with a faint, swirling pattern that resembles a hurricane or a satellite view of a storm. Two large, white, stylized quotation marks are positioned on either side of the central text, framing it.

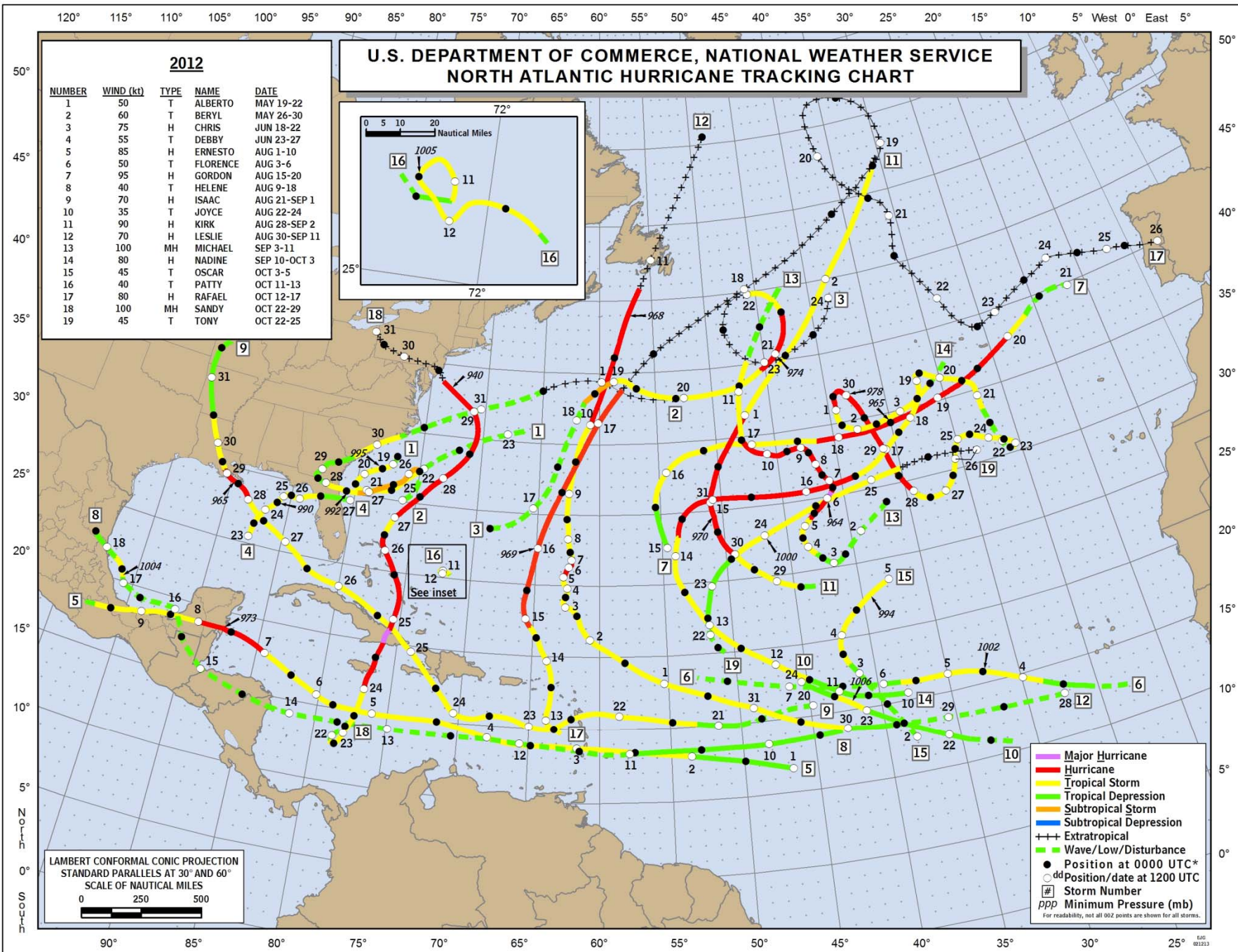
# 2012 Hurricane Season

# 2012 Hurricane Forecasts and Verification

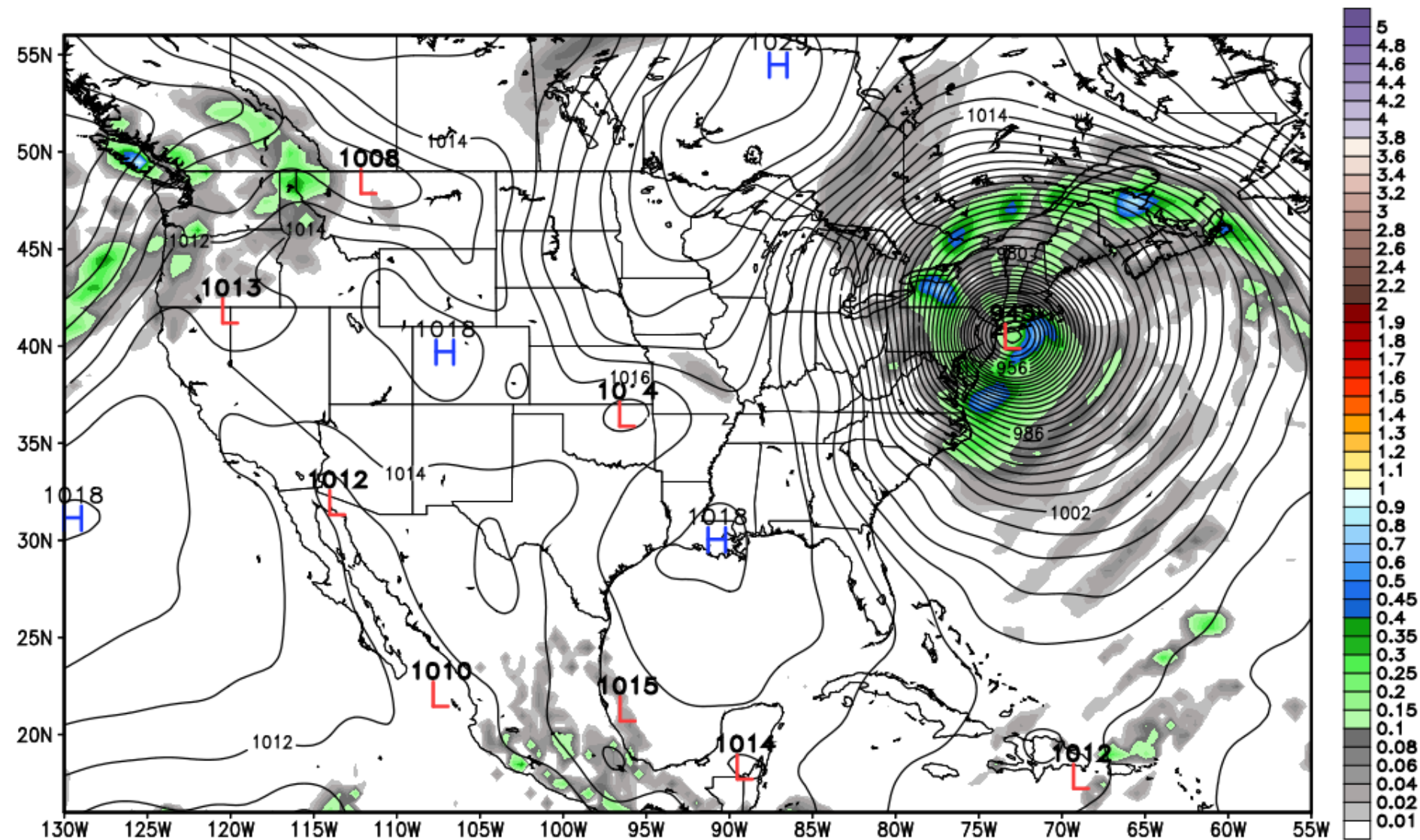
Forecast Parameter and 1981-2010 Median (in parentheses)	Update 4 April 2012	Update 1 June 2012	Update 3 Aug 2012	Observed 2012 Total
Named Storms (NS) (12.0)	10	13	14	<b>19</b>
Named Storm Days (NSD) (60.1)	40	50	52	<b>101</b>
Hurricanes (H) (6.5)	4	5	6	<b>10</b>
Hurricane Days (HD) (21.3)	16	18	20	<b>28.50</b>
Major Hurricanes (MH) (2.0)	2	2	2	<b>2</b>
Major Hurricane Days (MHD) (3.9)	3	4	5	<b>0.50</b>
Accumulated Cyclone Energy (ACE) (92)	70	80	99	<b>133</b>
Net Tropical Cyclone Activity (NTC) (103%)	75	90	105	<b>131</b>



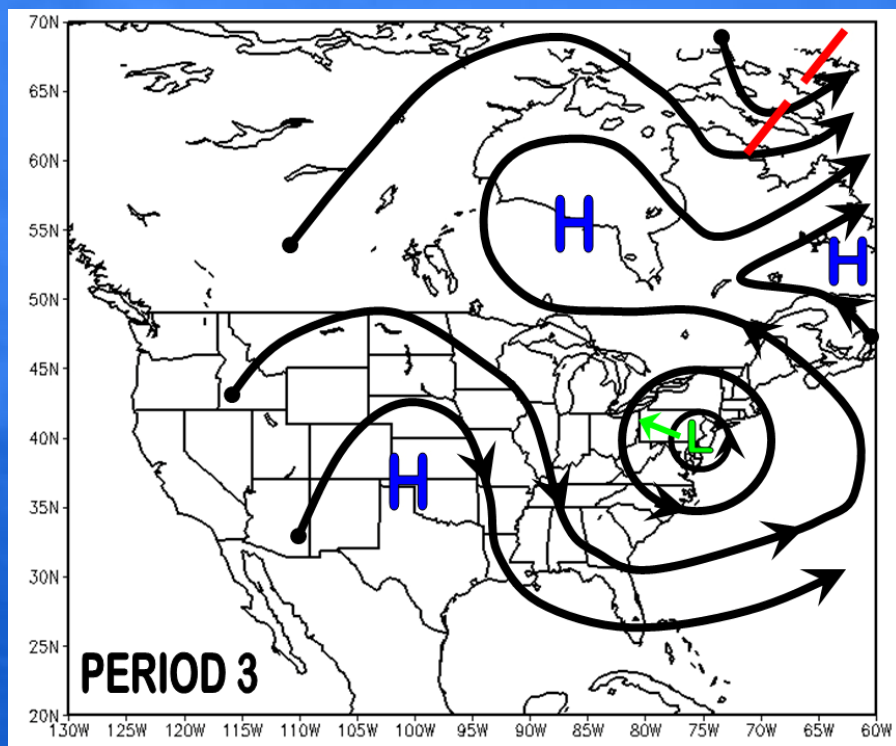
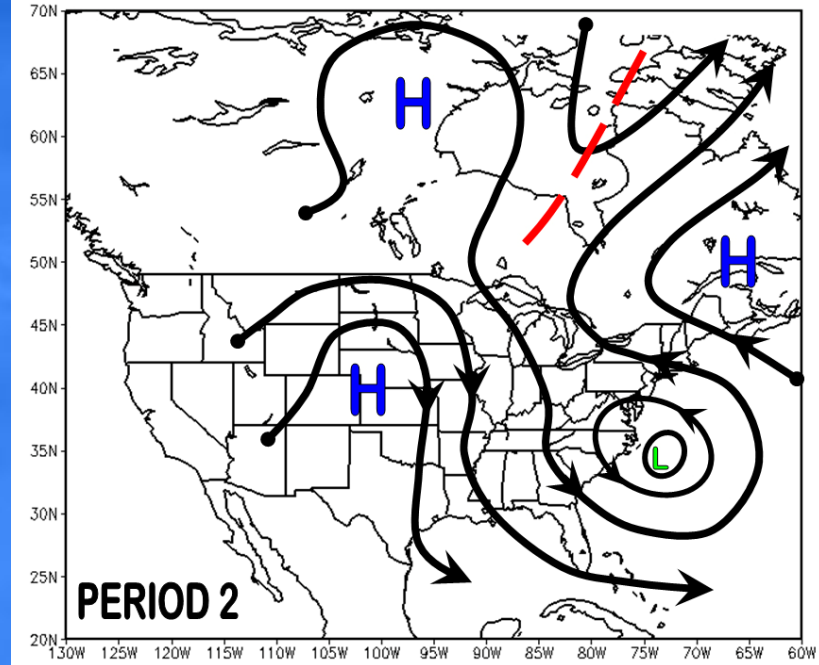
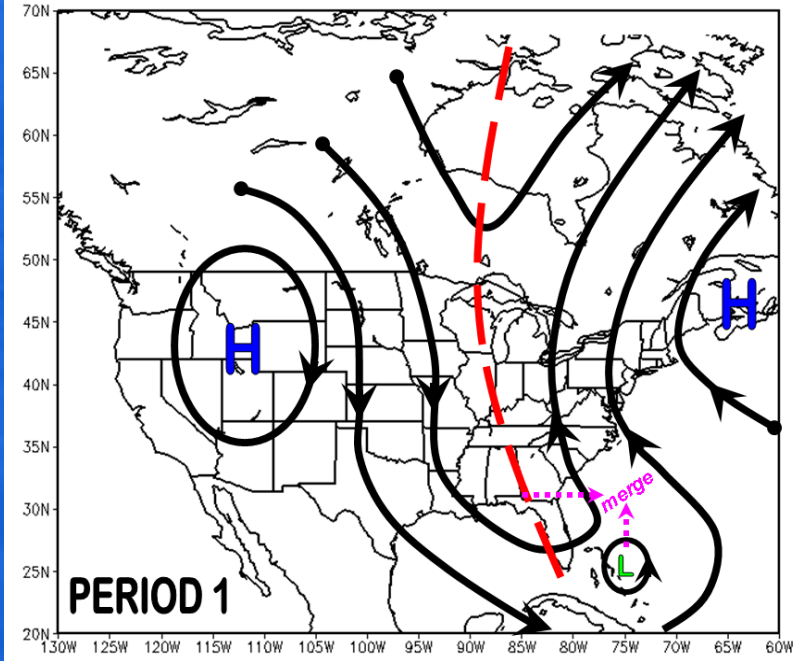
# **Characteristics of the 2012 Atlantic Hurricane Season**

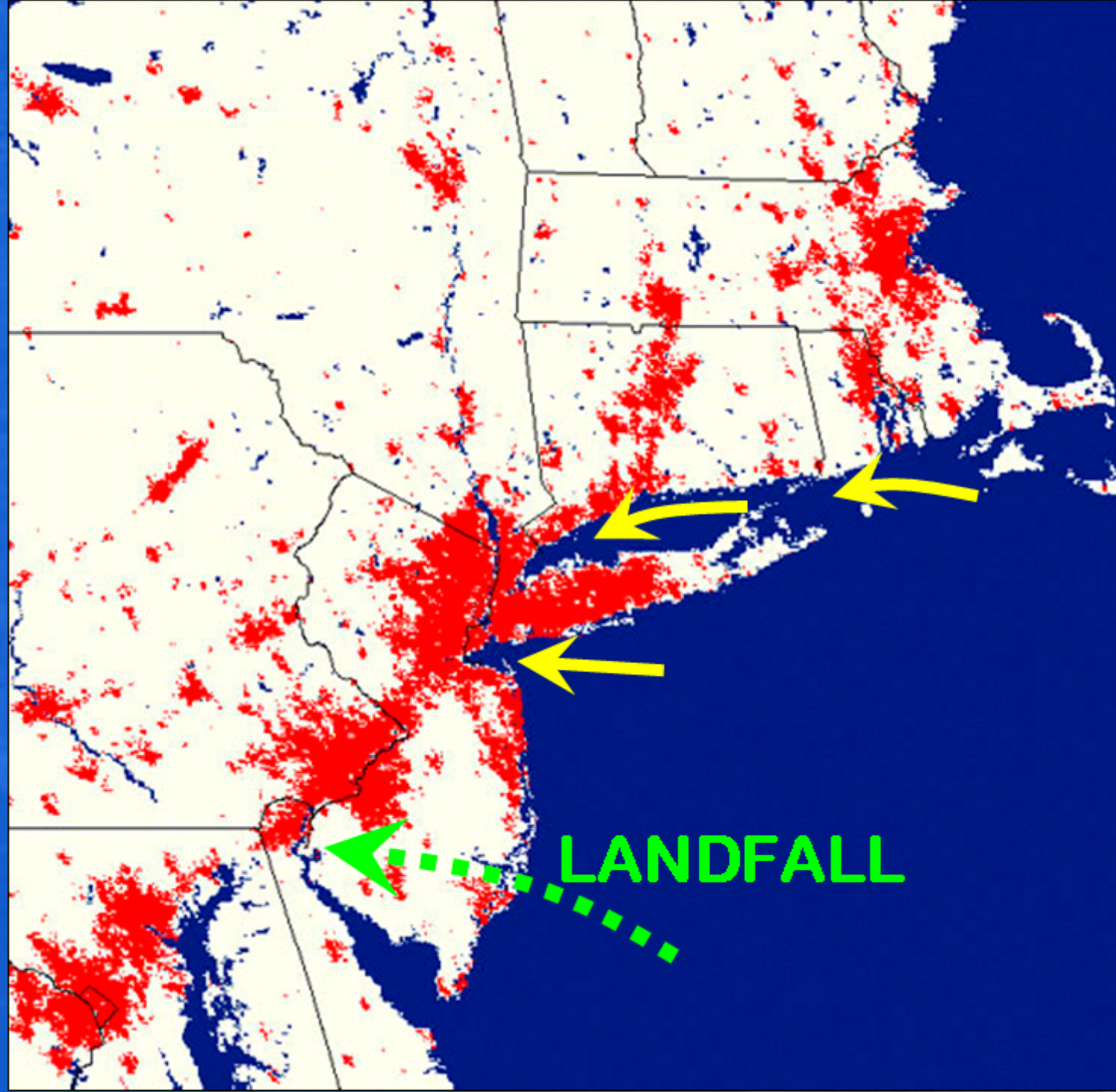


NCEP GFS 3-hourly Precipitation [inches] & MSLP [hPa]  
Init: 12Z25OCT2012 -- [132] hr --> Valid Wed 00Z31OCT2012  
Total Precipitation between 21Z30OCT2012 -- 00Z31OCT2012

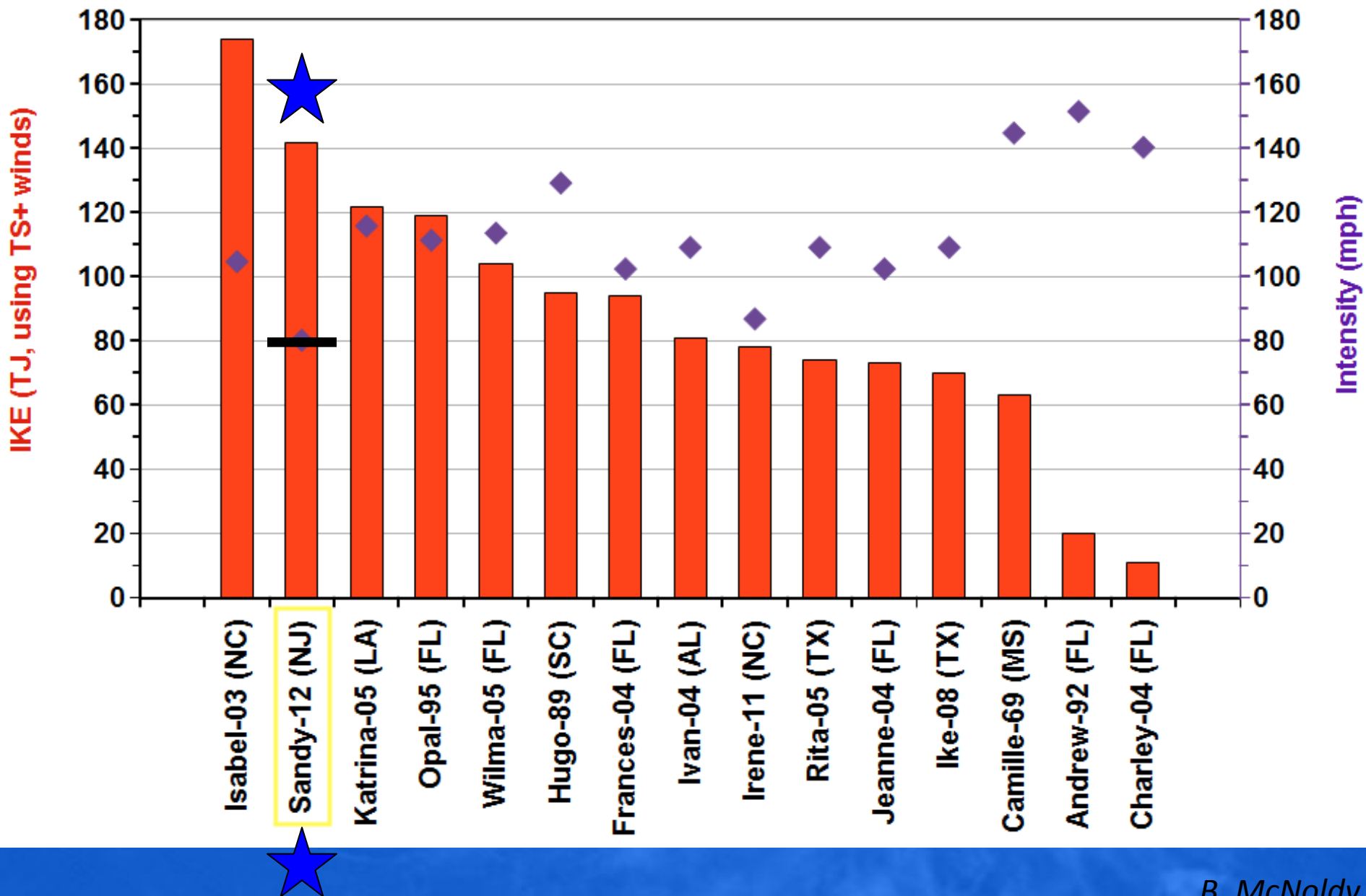


3-Hourly Precipitation (shaded) & MSLP contours  
GFS 720x361 0.5°x0.5° Forecast Grid

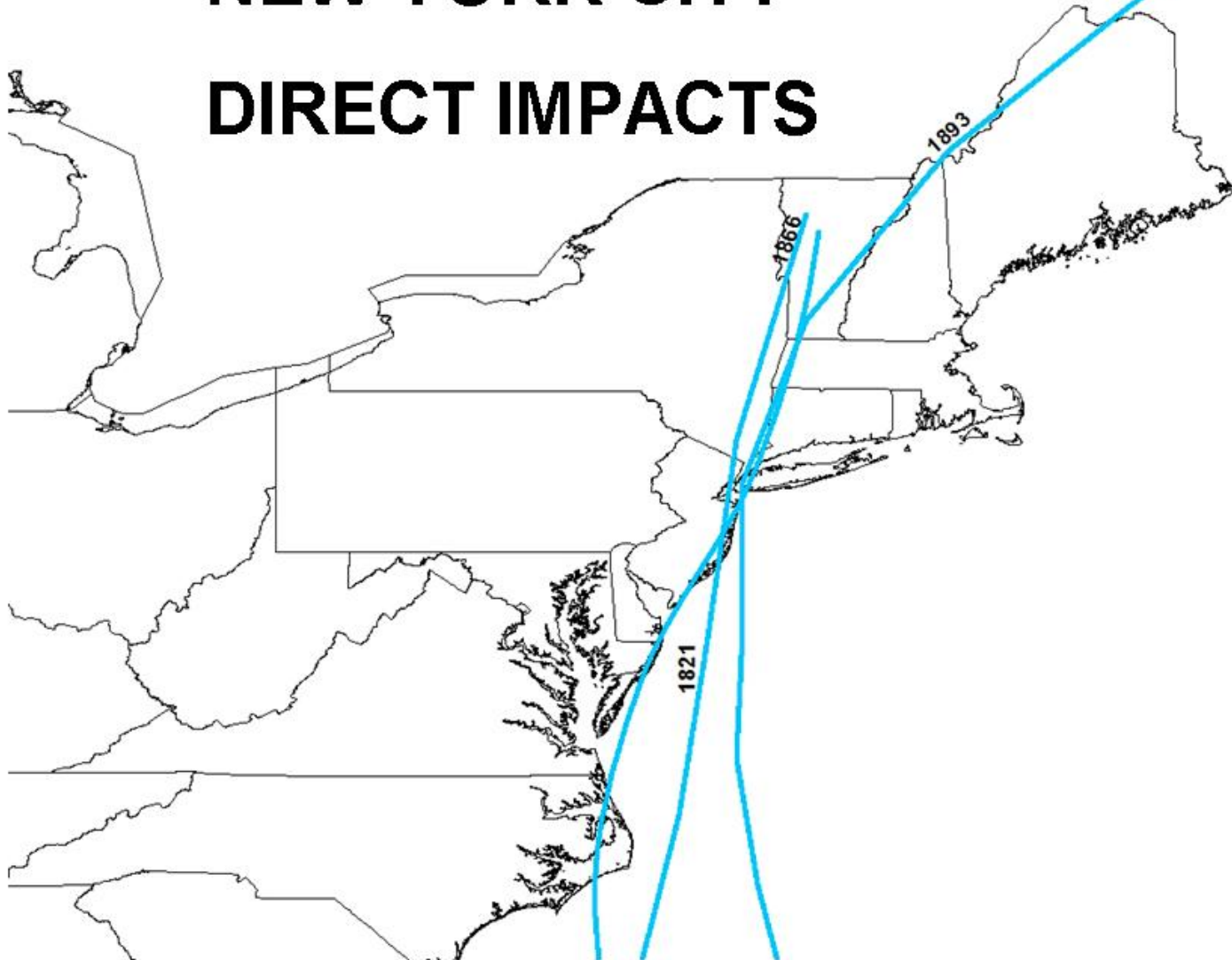




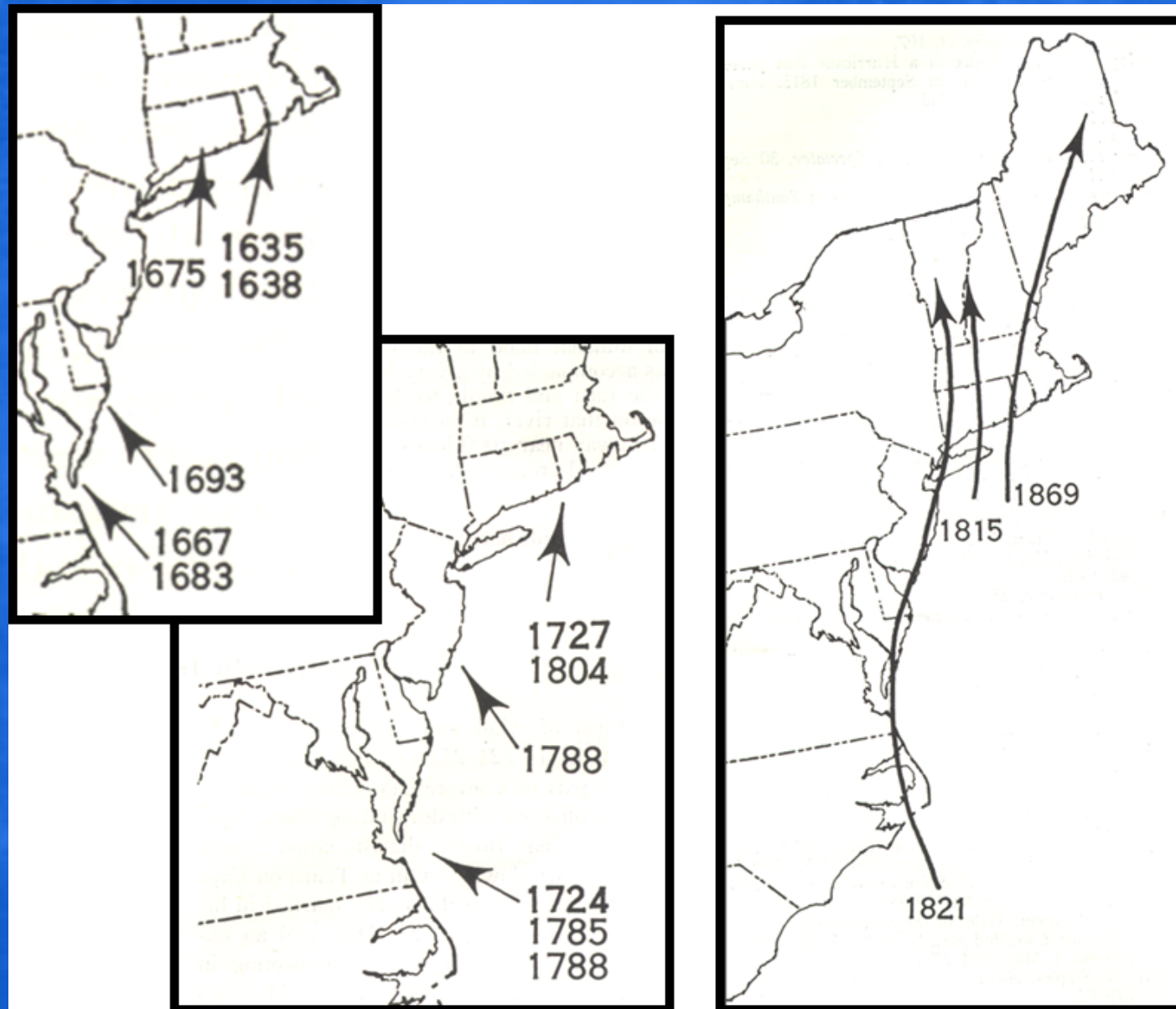
## Integrated Kinetic Energy and Intensity at Landfall



# NEW YORK CITY DIRECT IMPACTS

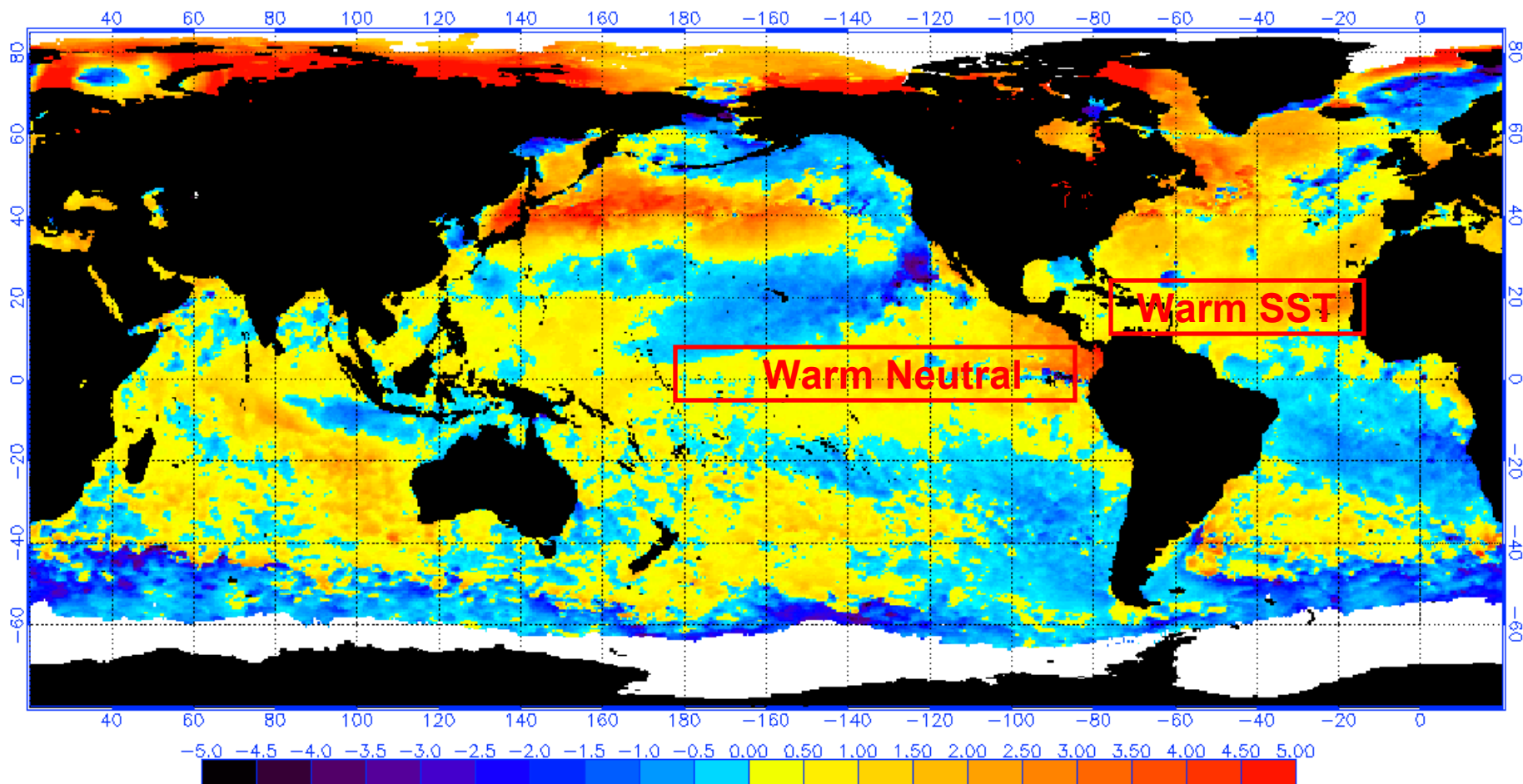


Notable cyclones with direct impacts on New York City.

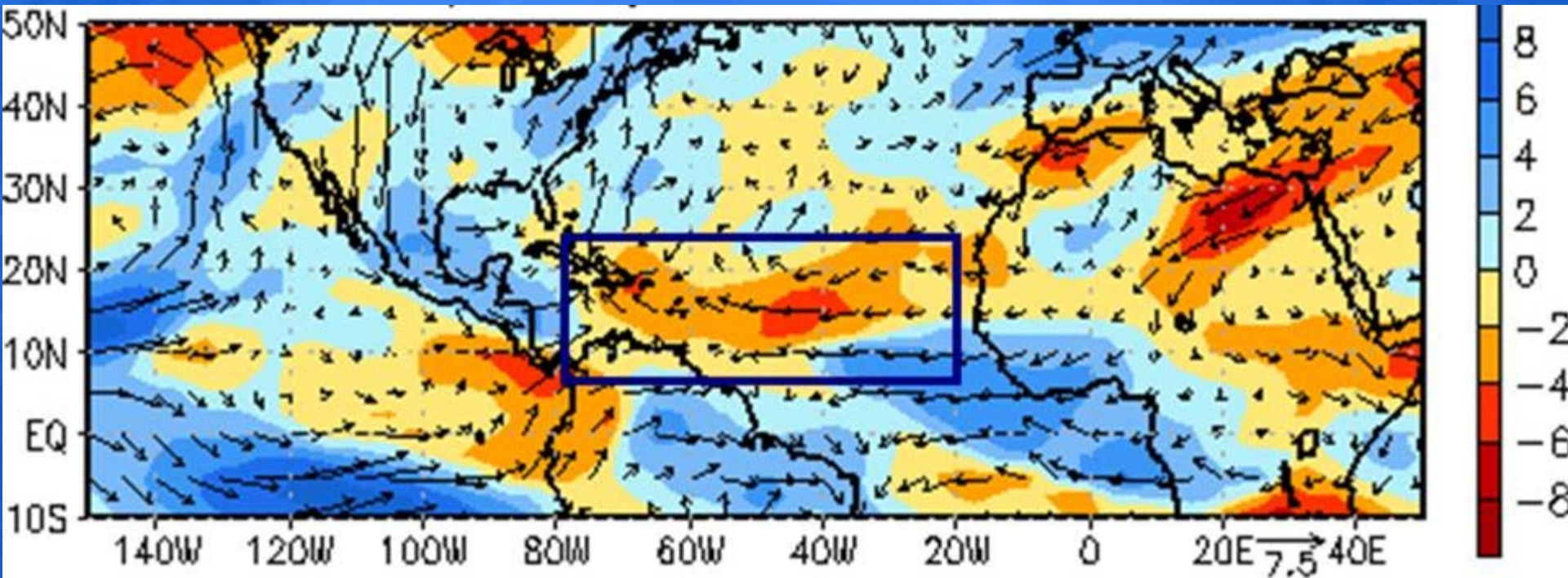


Notable early American hurricanes that influenced the northeast US coastline as reported by D.M. Ludlum (1963).

NOAA/NESDIS 50 KM GLOBAL ANALYSIS: SST Anomaly (degrees C), 9/10/2012  
(white regions indicate sea-ice)



# 200-850 hPa Anomalous Vertical Wind Shear Magnitude and Vector 60-Day Average 17 AUG-15 OCT 2012



200-850 hPa Vertical wind shear magnitude (shading,  $\text{m s}^{-1}$ ) and vector: 60-Day average. (Top) Total and (Bottom) Anomalies. Vector scales are below plots. Anomalies are departures from the 1981-2010 period monthly means.

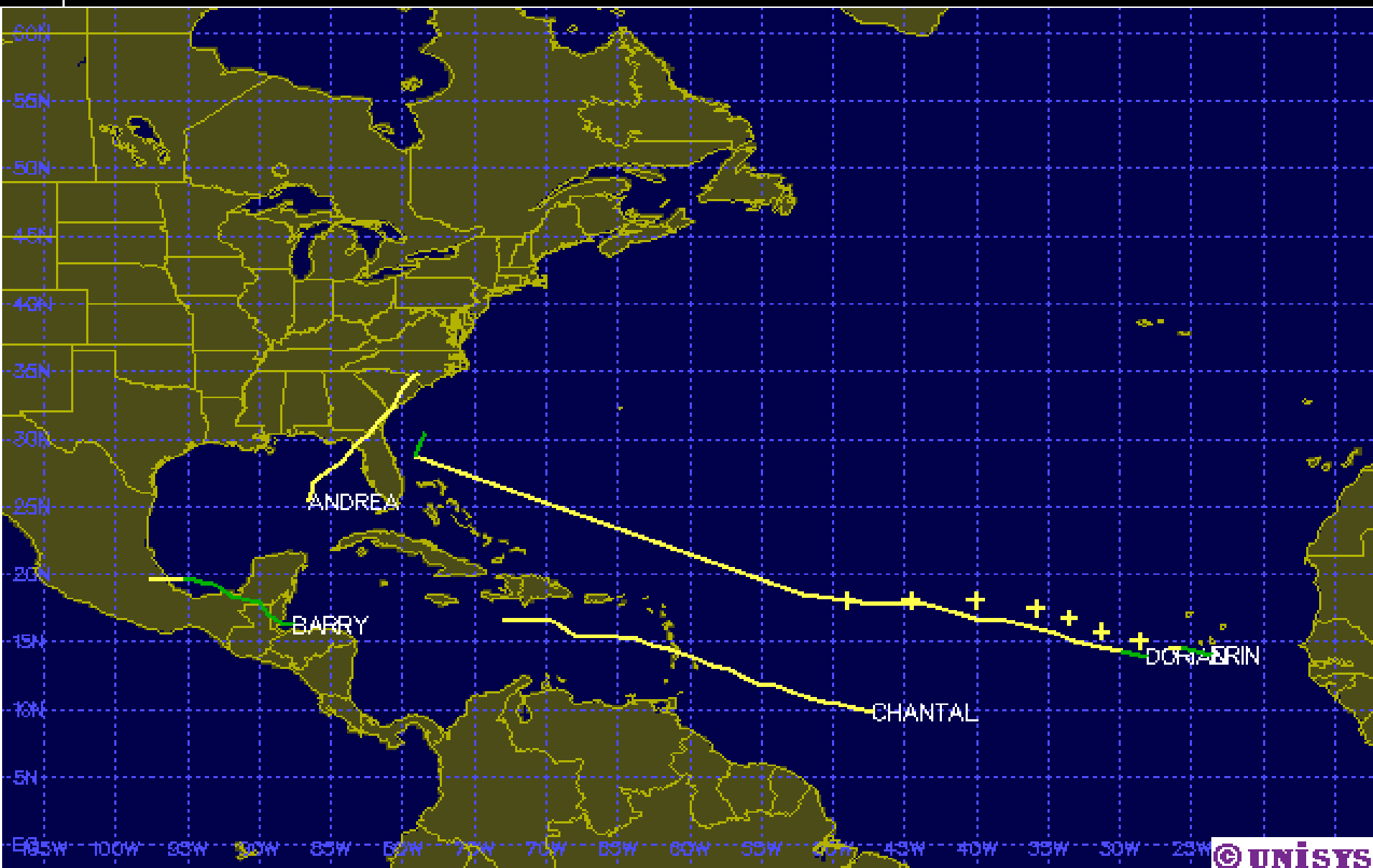
# 2013 Atlantic Basin Hurricane Outlook

All forecasts and verifications are available on our  
project's website:

<http://tropical.atmos.colostate.edu>

# 2013 FORECAST AS OF 2 AUGUST 2013

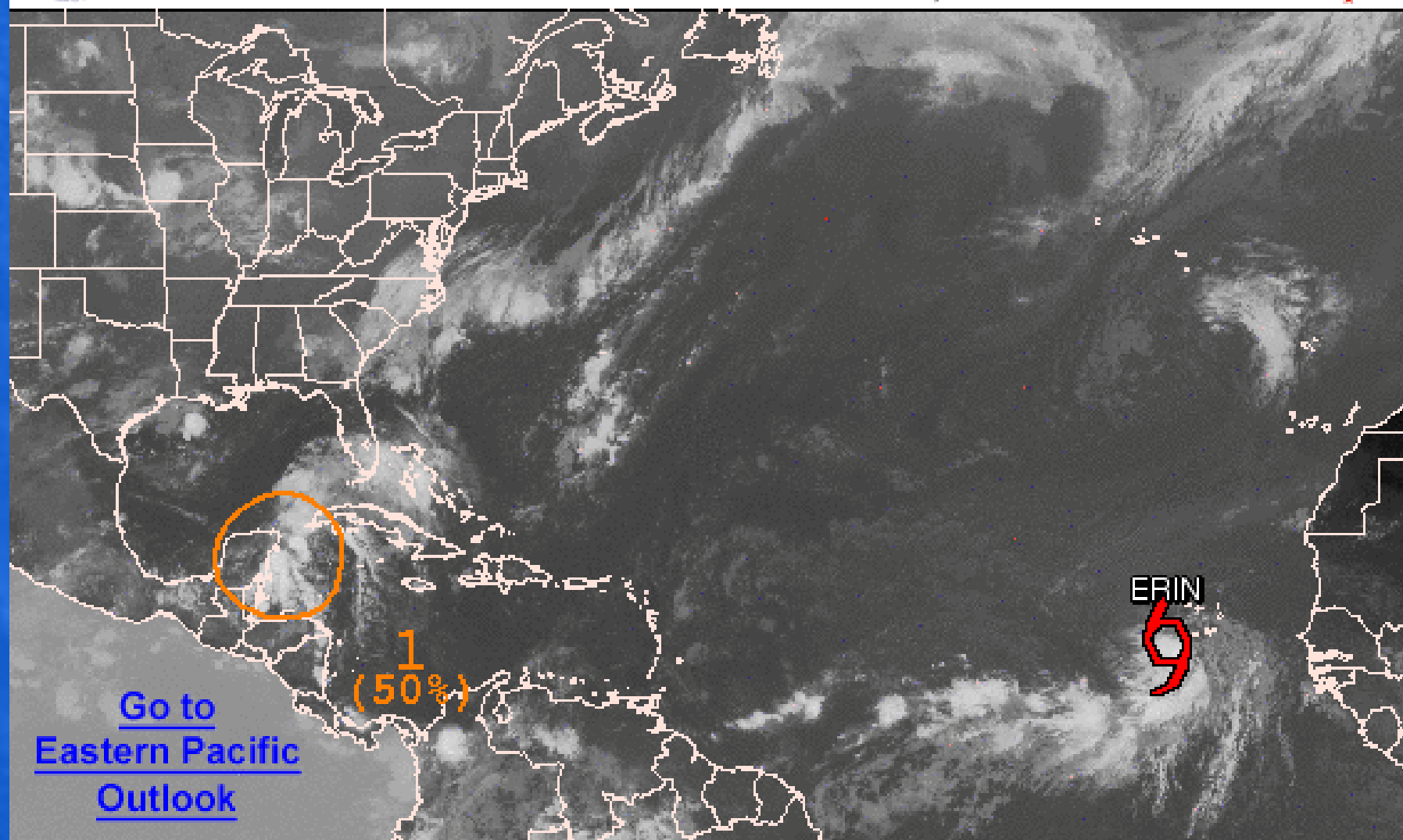
Forecast Parameter (1981-2010 Median in Parentheses)	Observed Activity Thru July 2013	Forecast Activity after 31 July	Total Seasonal Forecast
Named Storms (NS) (12.0)	4	14	18
Named Storm Days (NSD) (60.1)	9.25	75	84.25
Hurricanes (H) (6.5)	0	8	8
Hurricane Days (HD) (21.3)	0	35	35
Major Hurricanes (MH) (2.0)	0	3	3
Major Hurricane Days (MHD) (3.9)	0	7	7
Accumulated Cyclone Energy (ACE) (92)	7	135	142
Net Tropical Cyclone Activity (NTC) (103)	10	140	150





# Graphical Tropical Weather Outlook

National Hurricane Center Miami, Florida



[Go to  
Eastern Pacific  
Outlook](#)

800 AM EDT THU AUG 15 2013

Satellite Image: 0722 AM EDT

Outlined areas denote current position of systems discussed in the Tropical Weather Outlook. Color indicates probability of tropical cyclone formation within 48 hours.



Low <30%



Medium 30-50%



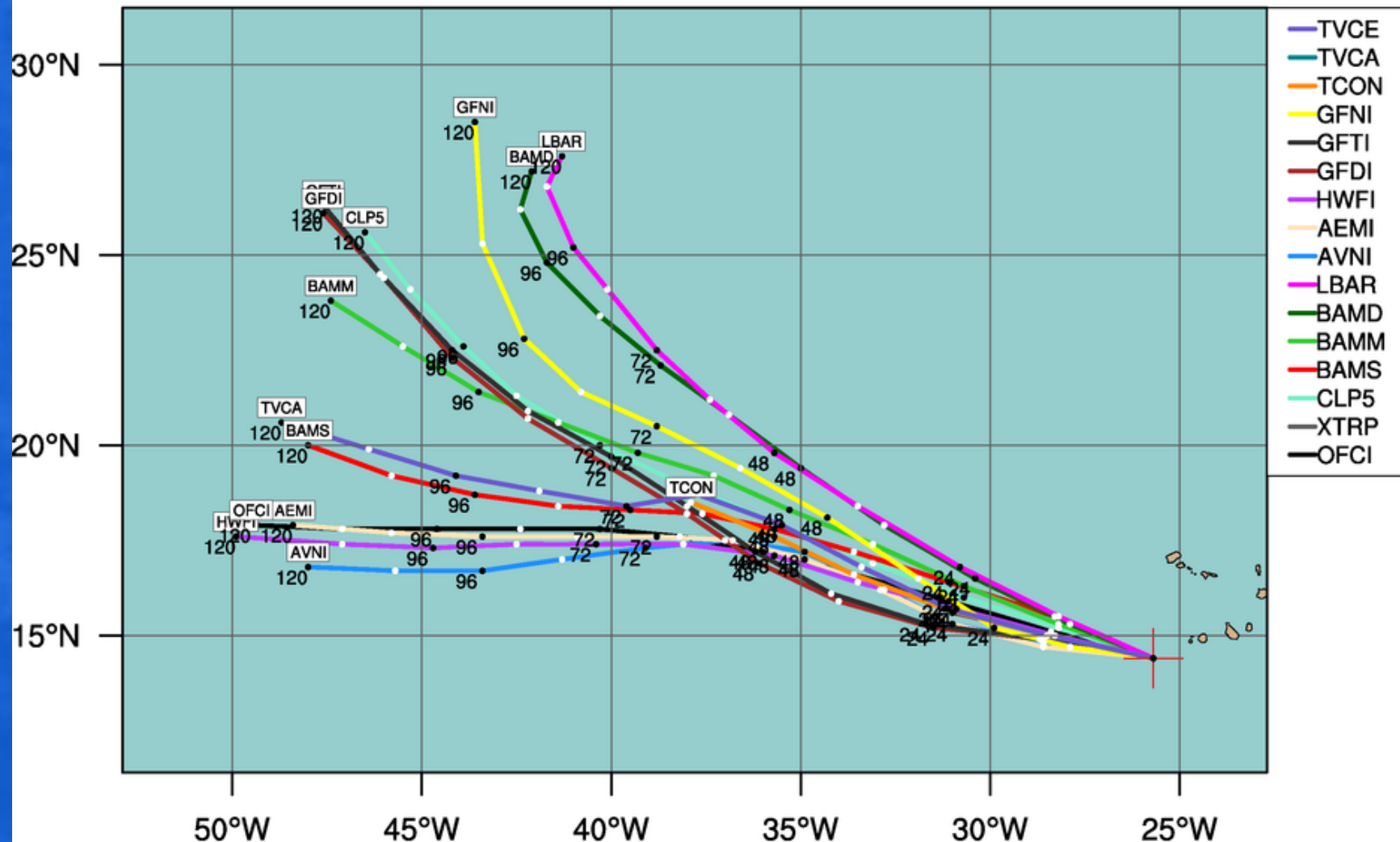
High >50%

# TROPICAL STORM ERIN (AL05)

Early-cycle track guidance initialized at 1200 UTC, 15 August 2013

Current Intensity: 35 kt

Current Basin: North Atlantic



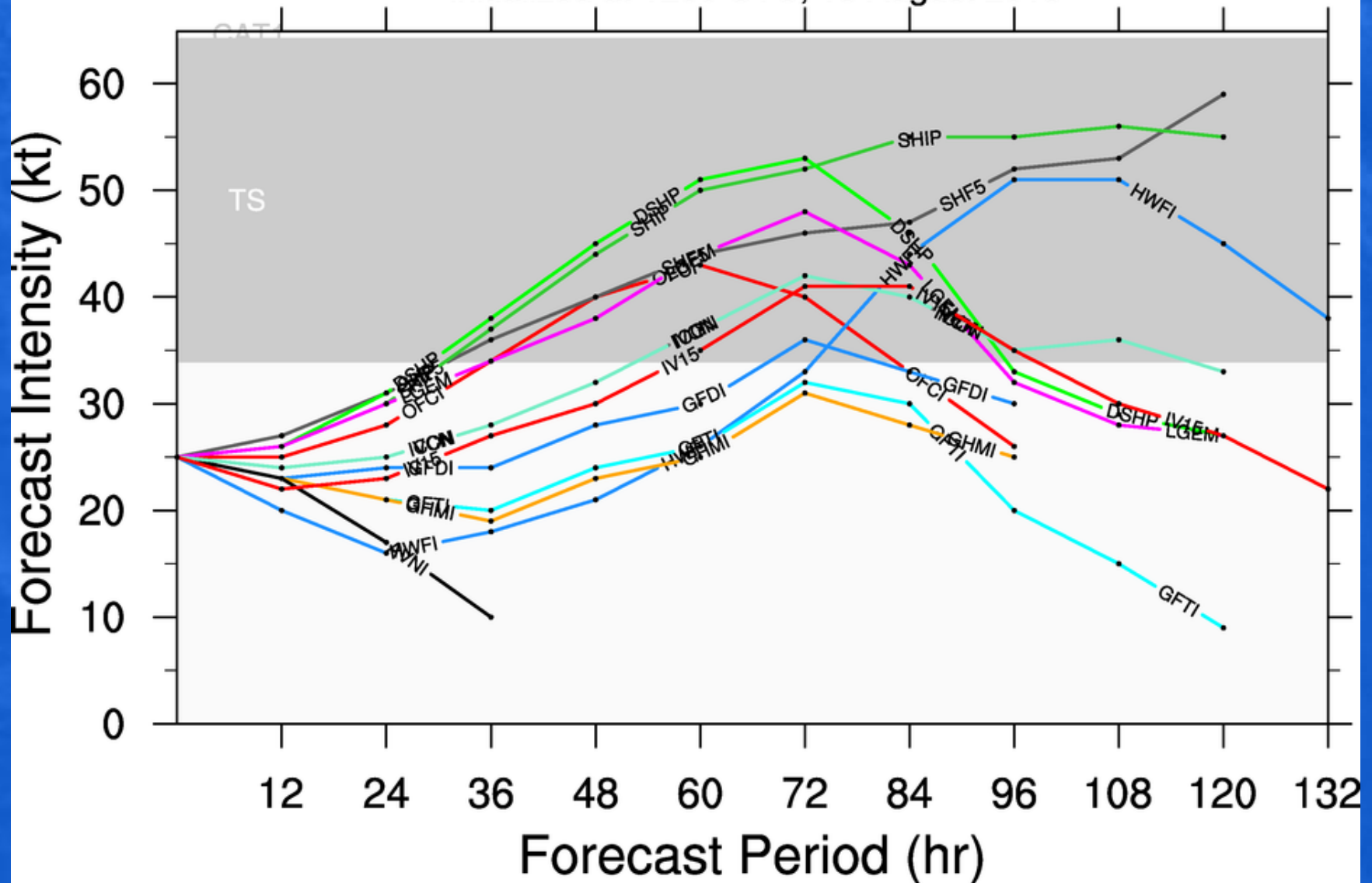
By using this plot, the user agrees to the UCAR Terms of Use  
which can be accessed at: <http://www2.ucar.edu/terms-of-use>

Plot generated at 1349 UTC 15 August 2013

# DISTURBANCE INVEST (AL92)

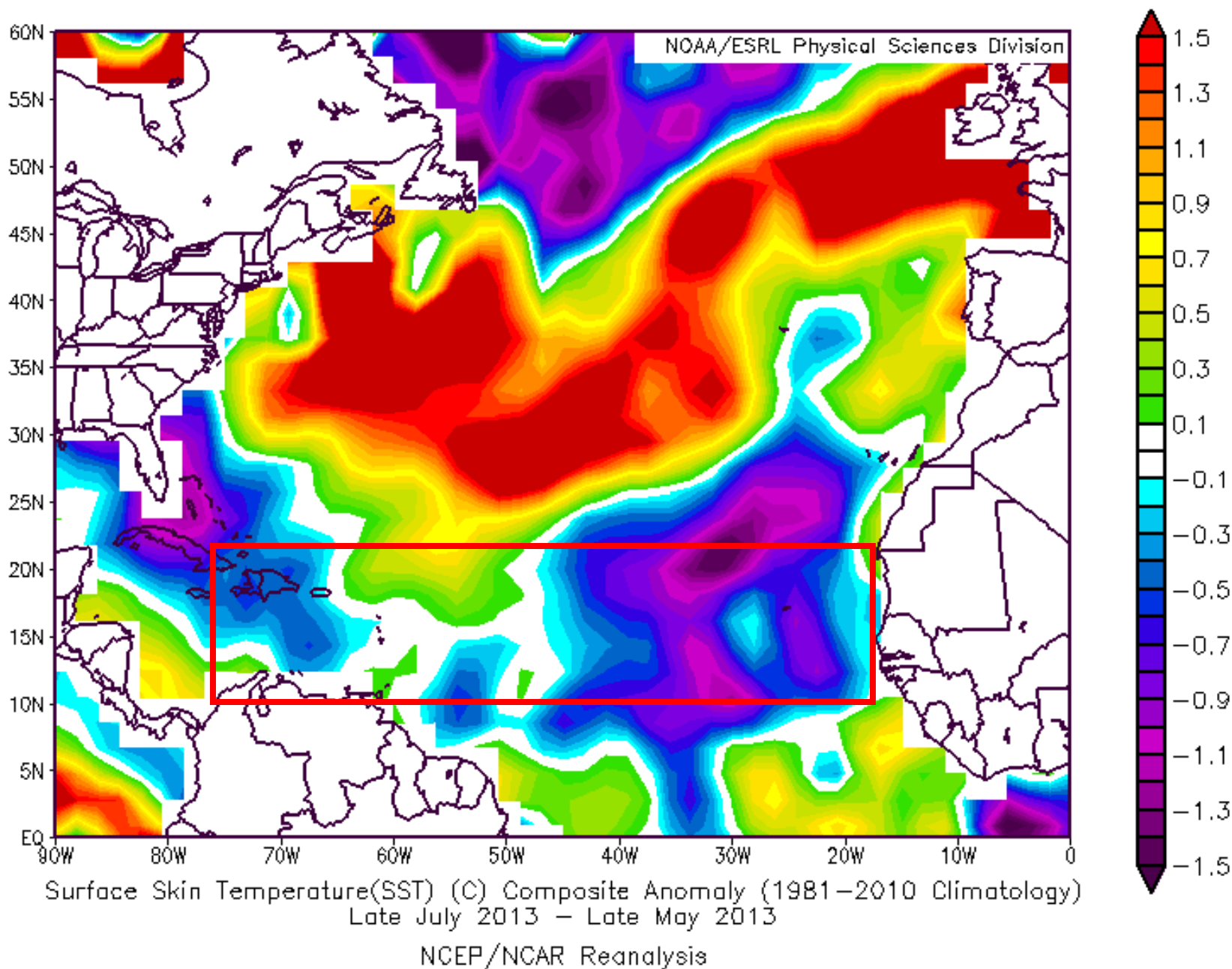
## Early-cycle intensity guidance

initialized at 1200 UTC, 15 August 2013

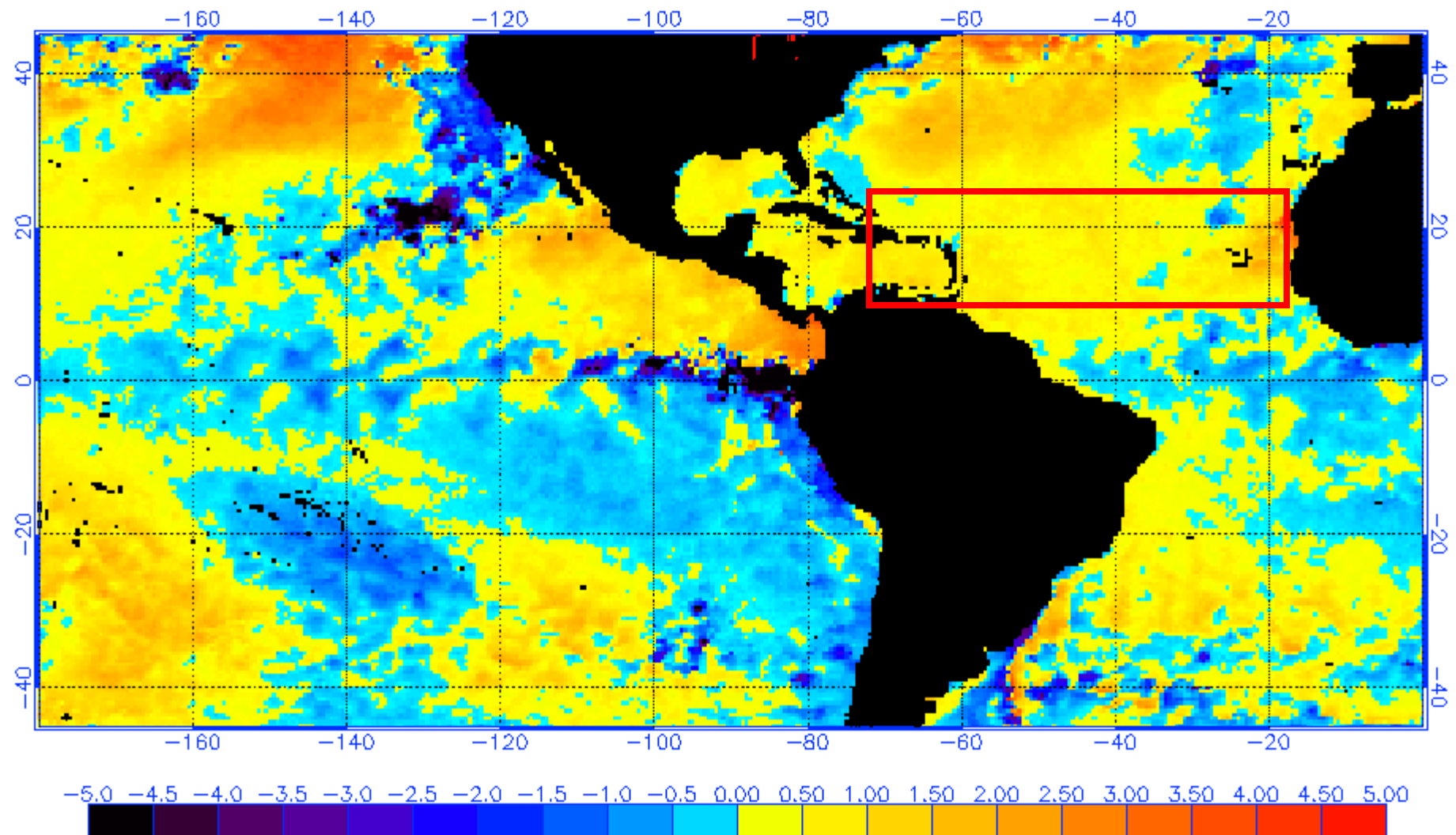


By using this plot, the user agrees to the UCAR Terms of Use  
which can be accessed at: <http://www2.ucar.edu/terms-of-use>

Plot generated at 1349 UTC, 15 August 2013



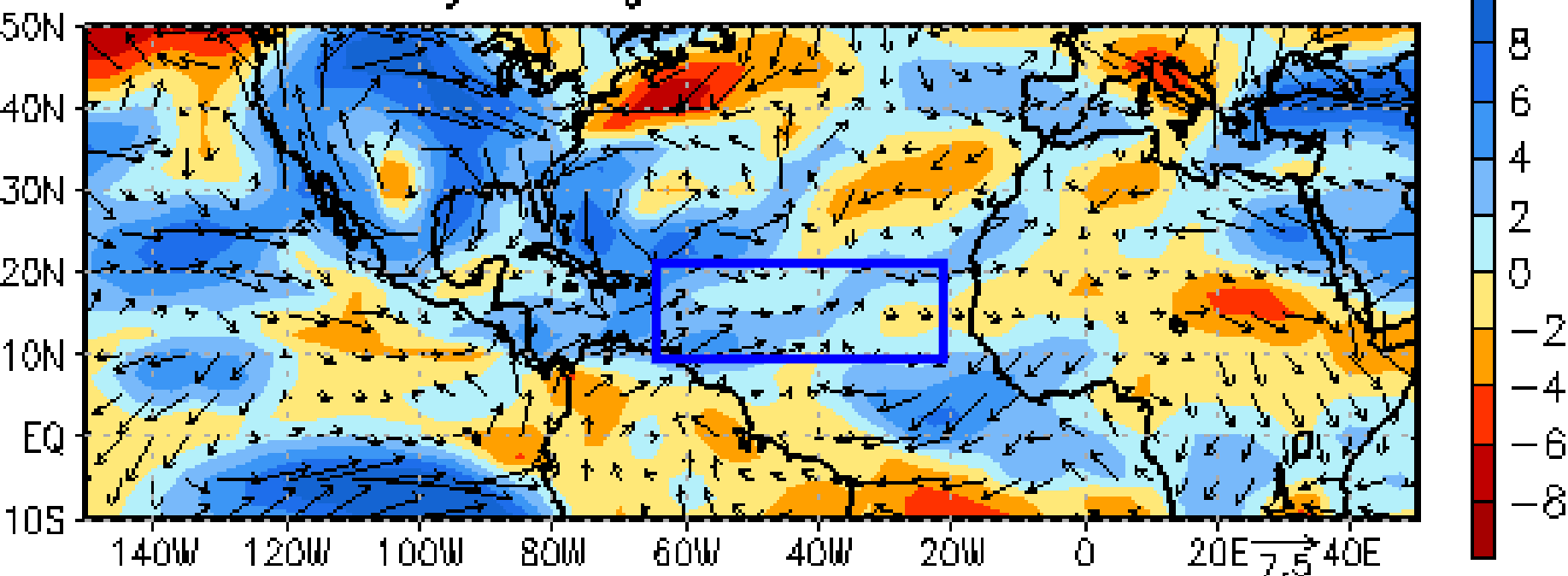
NOAA/NESDIS SST Anomaly (degrees C), 8/12/2013



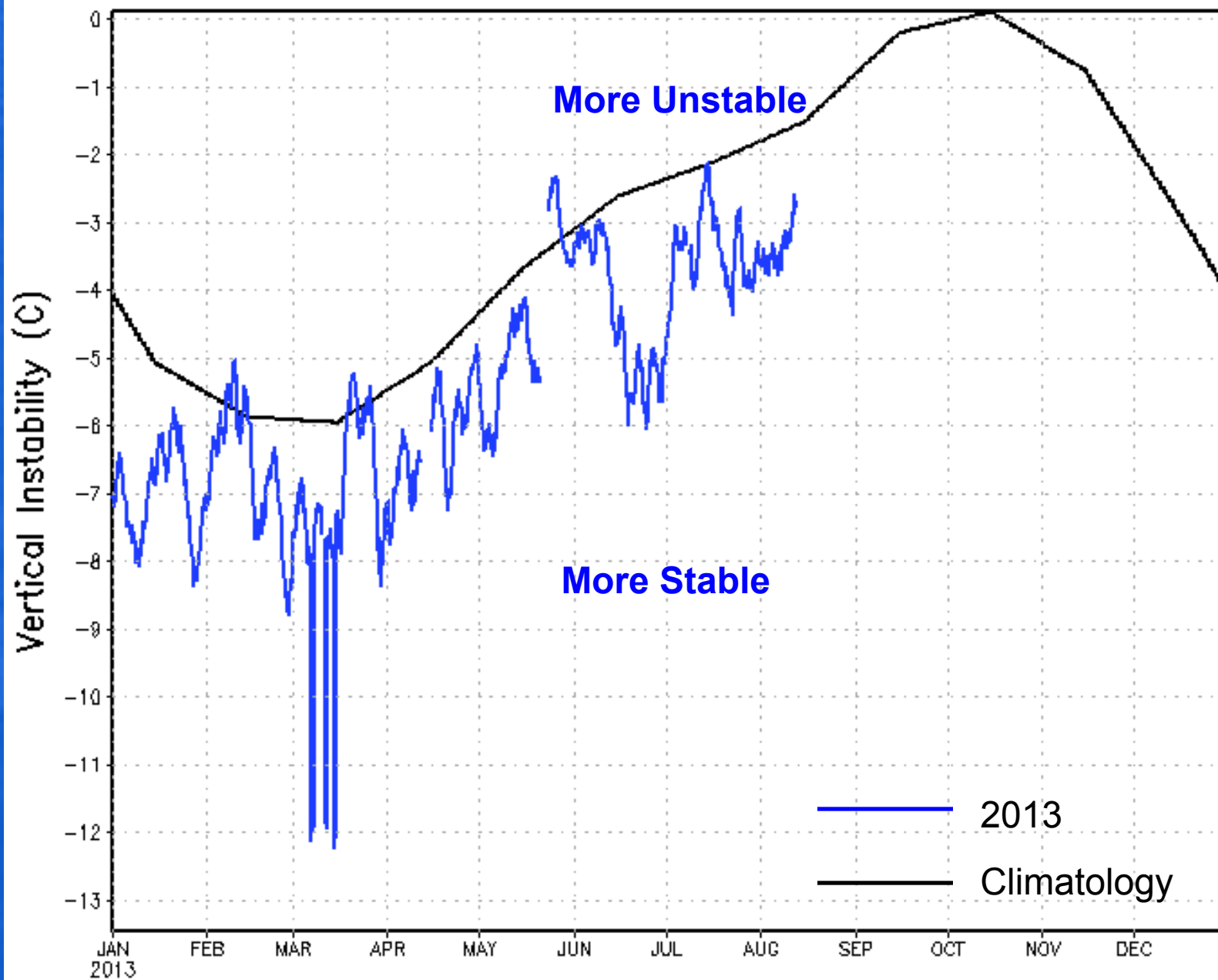
# Vertical Wind Shear Anomalies

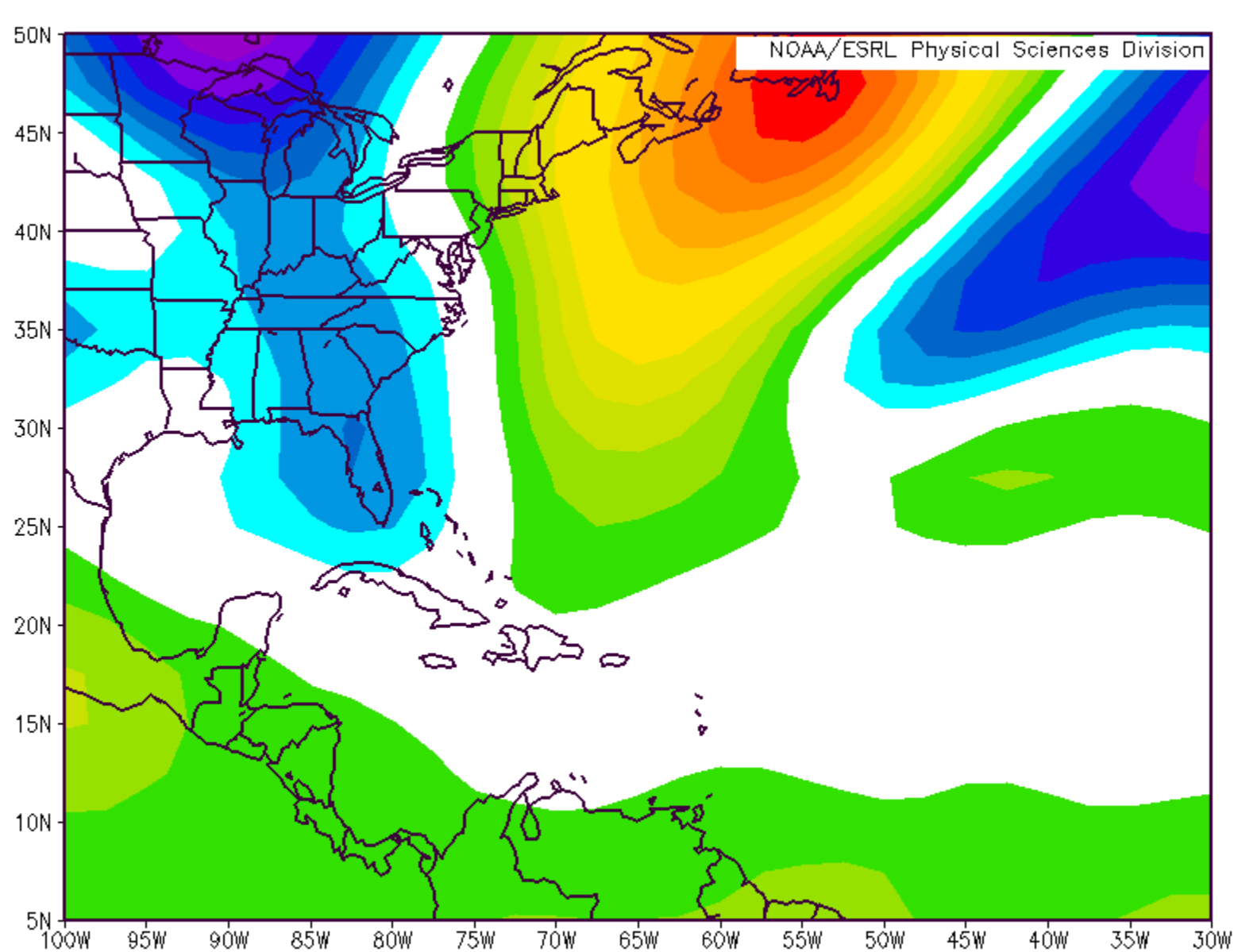
200–850 hPa Anomalous Vertical Wind Shear  
Magnitude and Vector

31-Day Average 11 JUL–10 AUG 2013



# Tropical Atlantic THDV

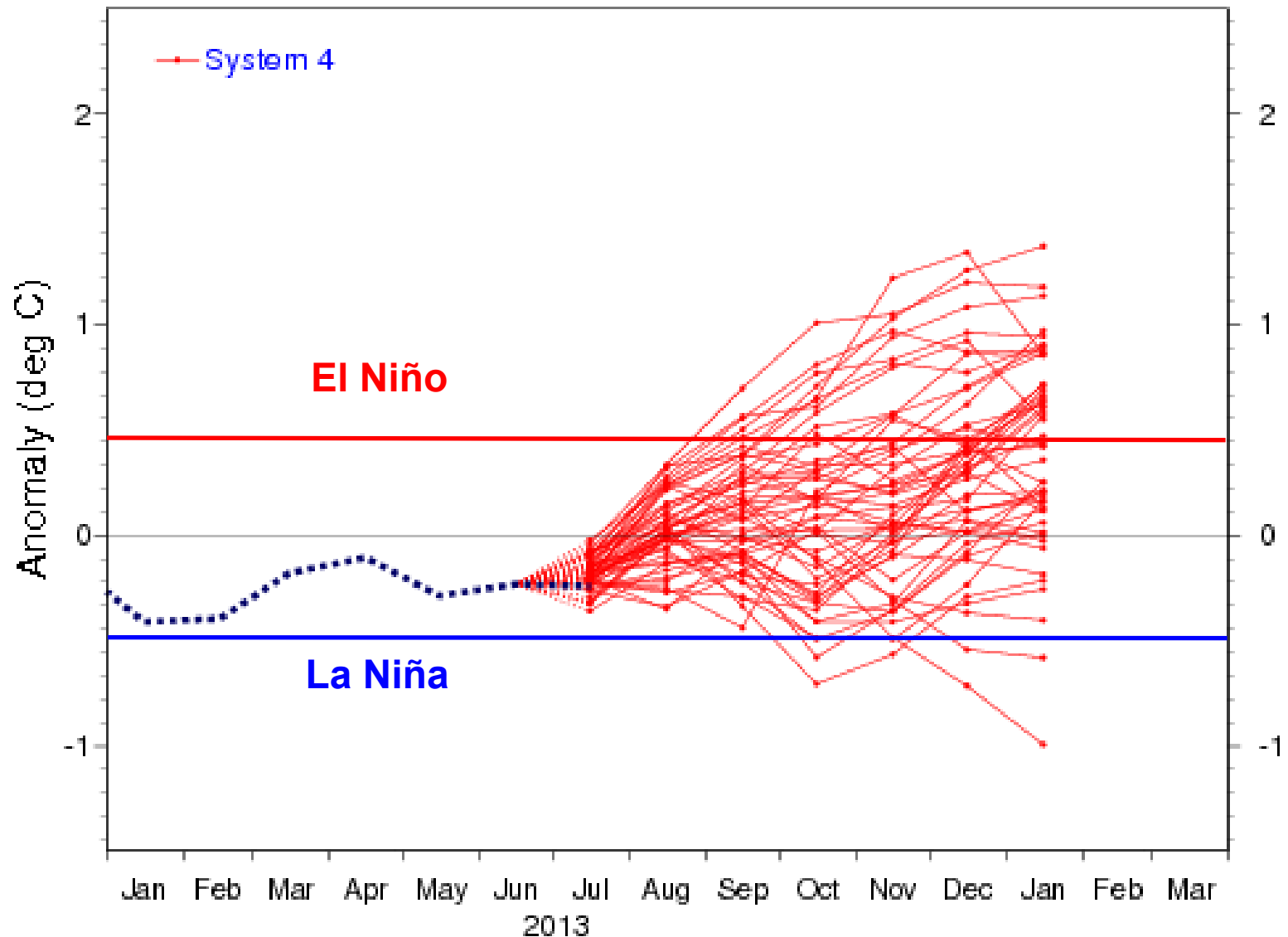




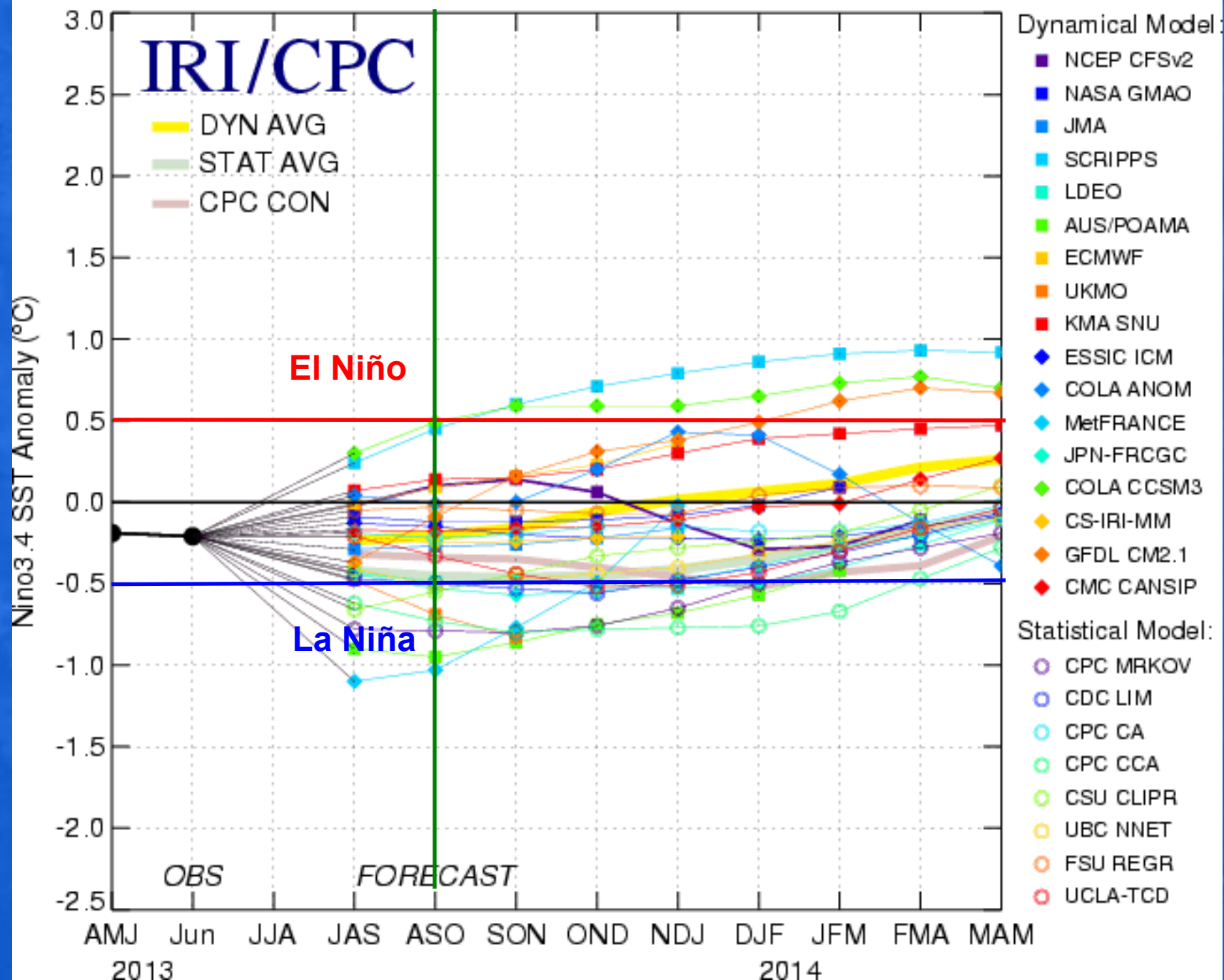
# NINO3.4 SST anomaly plume

## ECMWF forecast from 1 Jul 2013

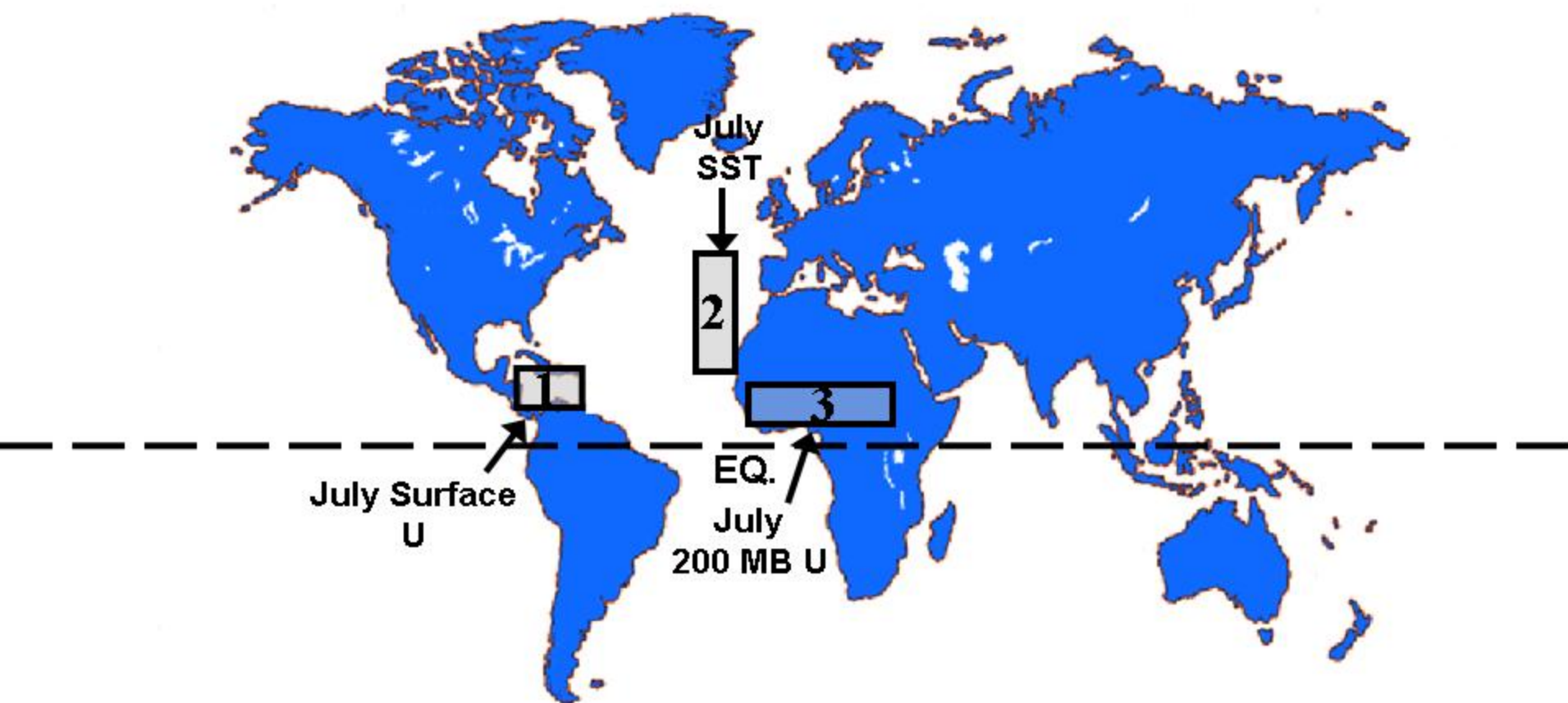
Monthly mean anomalies relative to NCEP OIv2 1981-2010 climatology



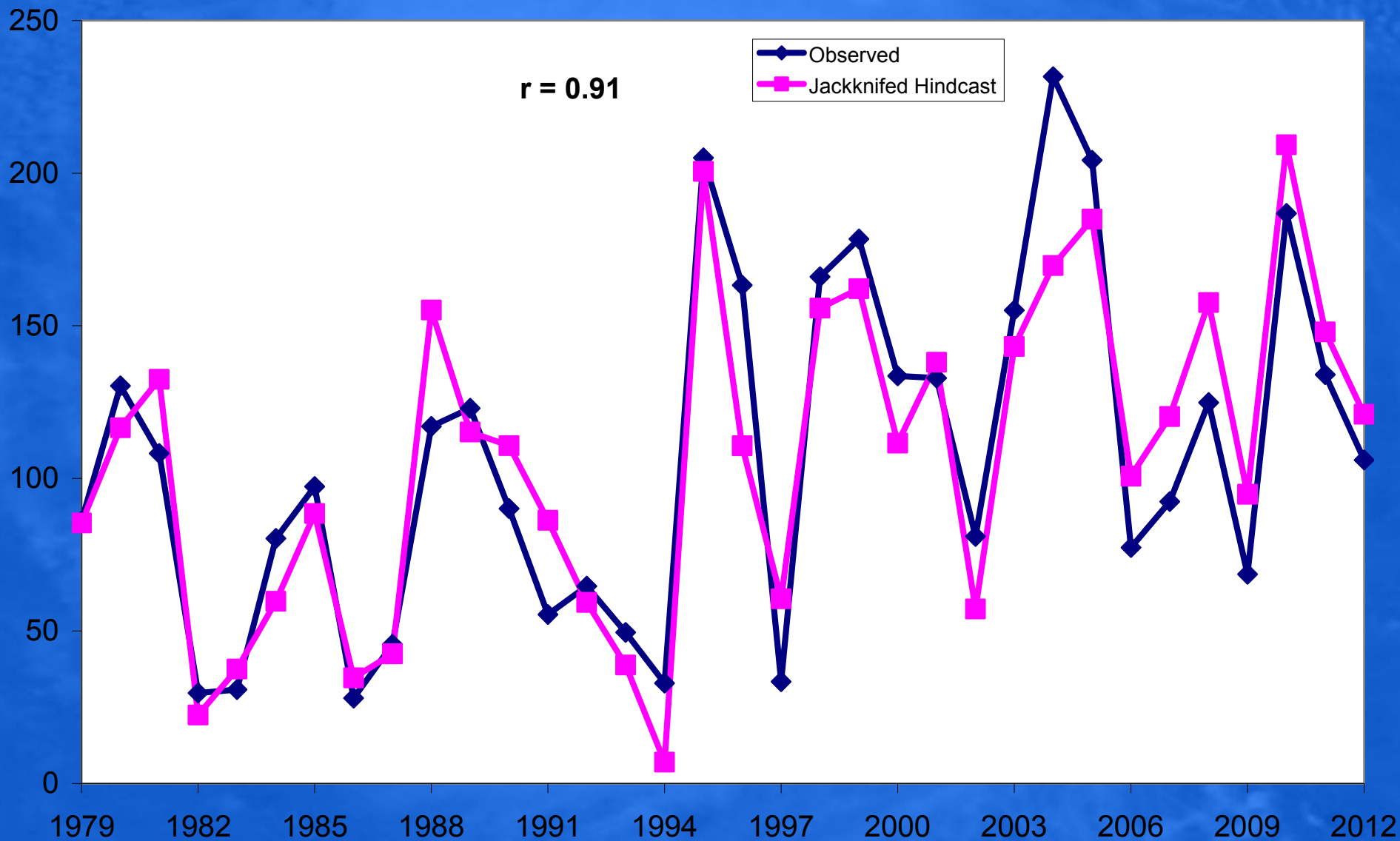
# Mid-Jul 2013 Plume of Model ENSO Predictions



# Post-31 July Seasonal Forecast Predictors



Post-1 August NTC (Observed vs. Cross-Validated Hindcast)



## BEST ANALOG YEARS FOR 2013 (AUGUST FORECAST)

	NS	NSD	H	HD	MH	MHD	ACE	NTC
1952	7	39.75	6	22.75	3	7.00	87	103
1966	11	64.00	7	41.75	3	8.75	145	140
1996	13	79.00	9	45.00	6	13.00	166	192
2007	15	37.75	6	12.25	2	6.00	74	99
2008	16	88.25	8	30.50	5	7.50	146	162
MEAN	12.4	61.8	7.2	30.5	3.8	8.5	124	139
2013 Forecast	18	84.25	8	35	3	7	140	150

# 2013

## Forecast Schedule

Date	7 Dec.	10 Apr.	3 June	2 Aug.
Seasonal Forecast	X	X	X	X

**POST-31 JULY 2013 PROBABILITIES FOR AT LEAST  
ONE MAJOR (CATEGORY 3-4-5) HURRICANE  
LANDFALL IN EACH OF THE FOLLOWING AREAS  
(20<sup>th</sup> CENTURY PROBABILITIES IN PARENTHESES)**

- 1) Entire U.S. coastline – **64% (52%)**
- 2) U.S. East Coast including Peninsula Florida – **40% (31%)**
- 3) Gulf Coast from the Florida Panhandle westward to Brownsville – **40% (30%)**
- 4) Caribbean (10-20° N, 60-88° W) – **53% (42%)**

# **Landfalling Hurricane Web Application**

**Currently Available at the following  
URL:**

**<http://www.e-transit.org/hurricane>**

**In partnership with the GeoGraphics  
Laboratory – Bridgewater State University,  
Bridgewater MA**

# 2013 Probabilities (20<sup>th</sup> Century Probabilities in Parentheses)

State	Hurricane Impact Prob.	MH Impact Prob.
Florida	63% (51%)	28% (21%)
Louisiana	40% (30%)	16% (12%)
Massachusetts	10% (7%)	3% (2%)
Mississippi	14% (11%)	6% (4%)
New York	10% (8%)	4% (3%)
North Carolina	37% (22%)	10% (8%)
Texas	43% (33%)	16% (12%)

## 2013 Probabilities (20<sup>th</sup> Century Probabilities in Parentheses)

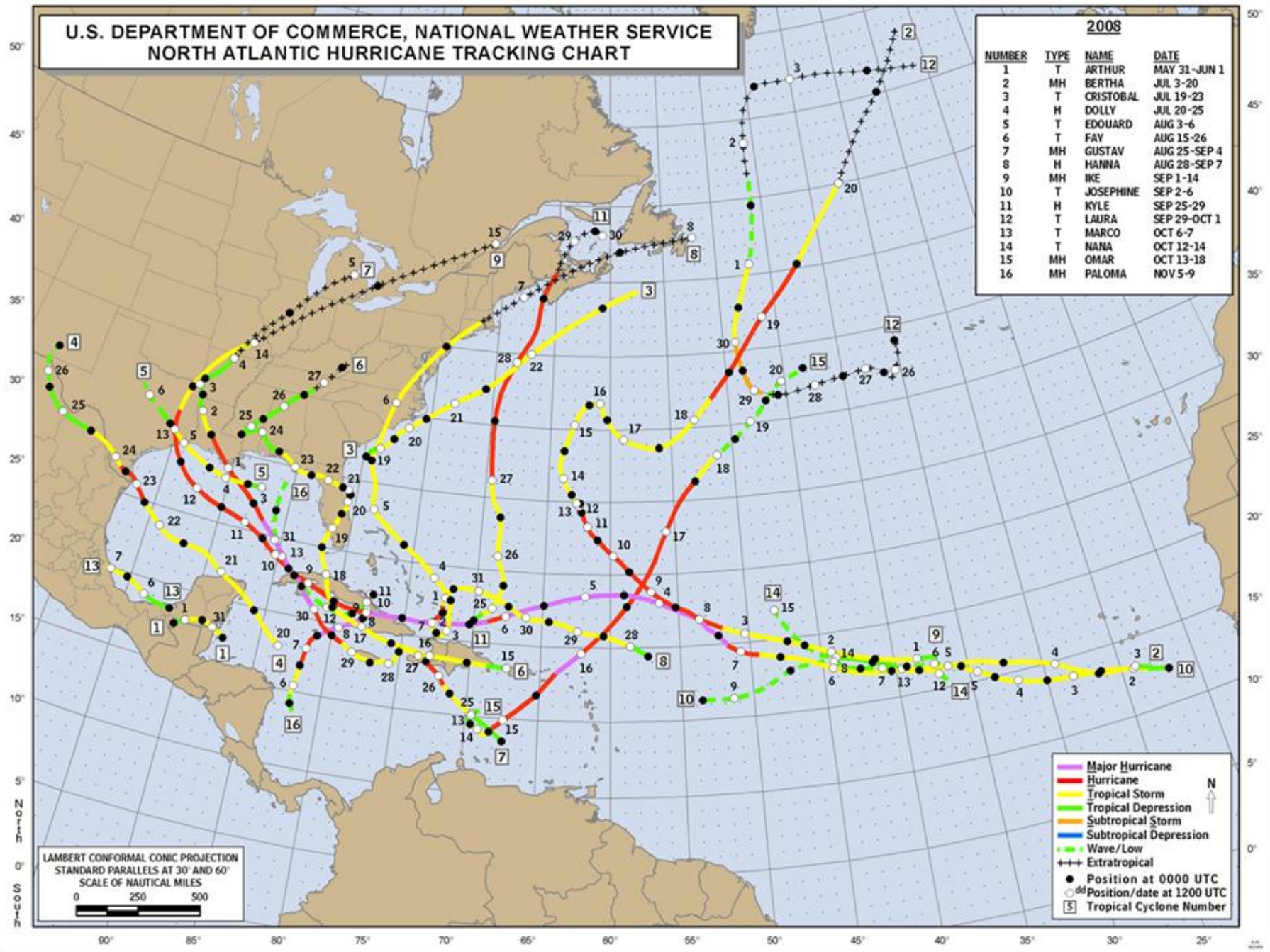
Country/Island	Hurricane within 100 Miles	MH within 100 Miles
The Bahamas	64% (51%)	39% (30%)
Cuba	64% (52%)	37% (28%)
Haiti	36% (27%)	18% (13%)
Jamaica	33% (25%)	15% (11%)
Mexico	70% (57%)	30% (23%)
Puerto Rico	38% (29%)	18% (13%)
US Virgin Islands	39% (30%)	16% (12%)

**Two-Week Atlantic  
Basin Forecasts  
(available since 2009)**

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE  
NORTH ATLANTIC HURRICANE TRACKING CHART

2008

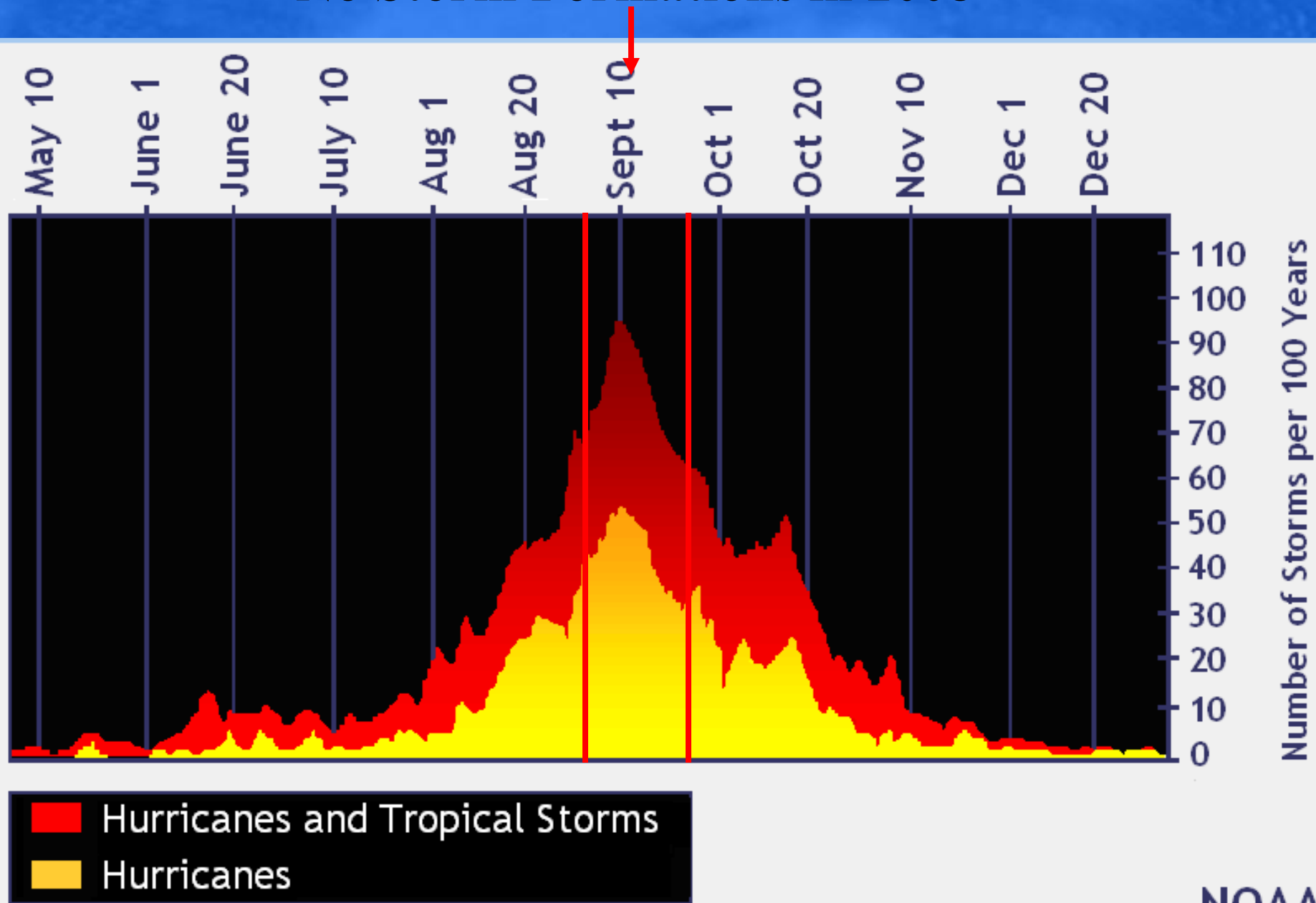
NUMBER	TYPE	NAME	DATE
1	T	ARTHUR	MAY 31-JUN 1
2	MH	BERTHA	JUL 3-20
3	T	CRISTOBAL	JUL 19-23
4	H	DOLLY	JUL 20-25
5	T	EDOUARD	AUG 3-6
6	T	FAY	AUG 15-26
7	MH	GUSTAV	AUG 25-SEP 4
8	H	HANNA	AUG 28-SEP 7
9	MH	IKE	SEP 1-14
10	T	JOSEPHINE	SEP 2-6
11	H	KYLE	SEP 25-29
12	T	LAURA	SEP 29-OCT 1
13	T	MARCO	OCT 6-7
14	T	NANA	OCT 12-14
15	MH	OMAR	OCT 13-18
16	MH	PALOMA	NOV 5-9



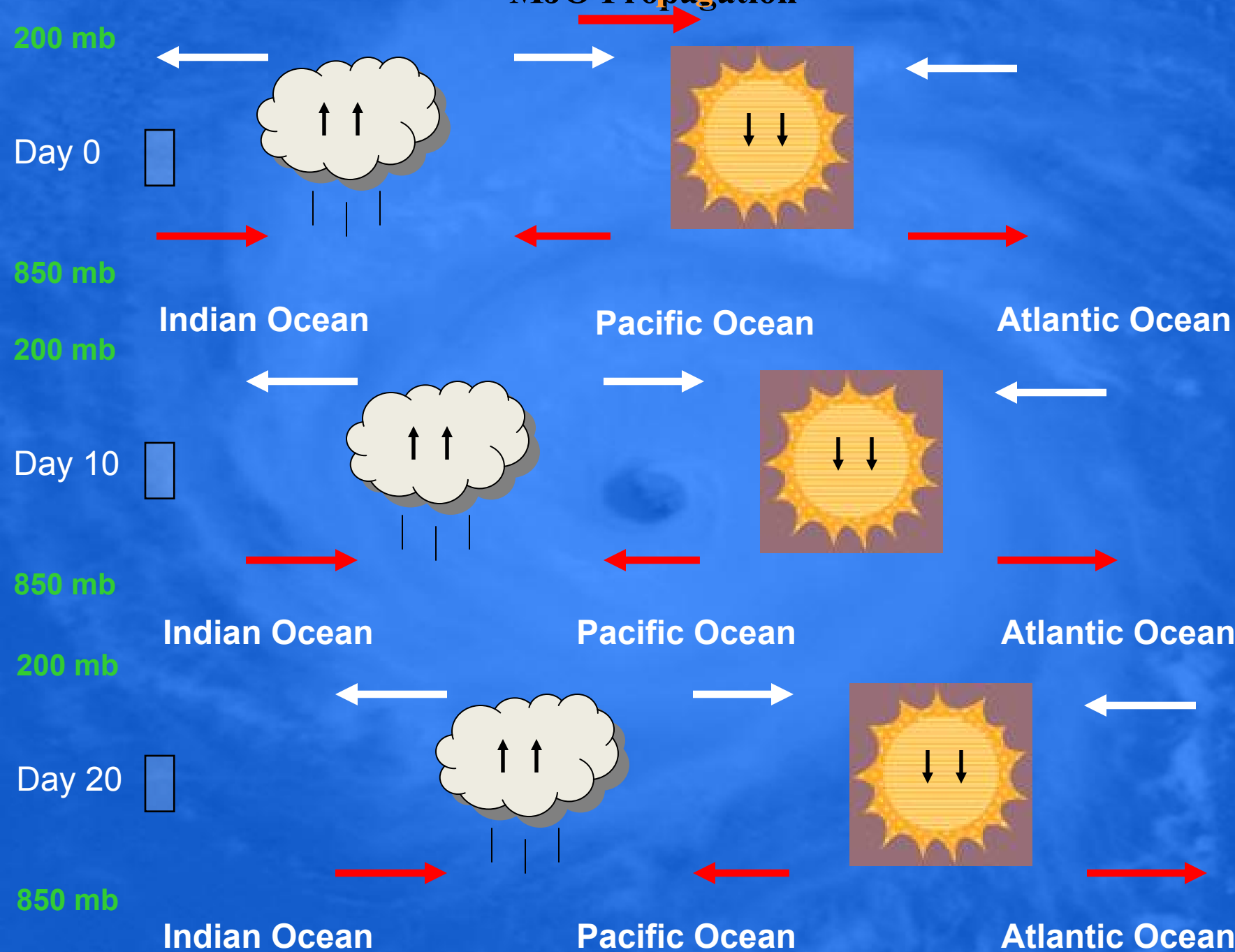
LAMBERT CONFORMAL CONIC PROJECTION  
STANDARD PARALLELS AT 30° AND 60°  
SCALE OF NAUTICAL MILES  
0 250 500

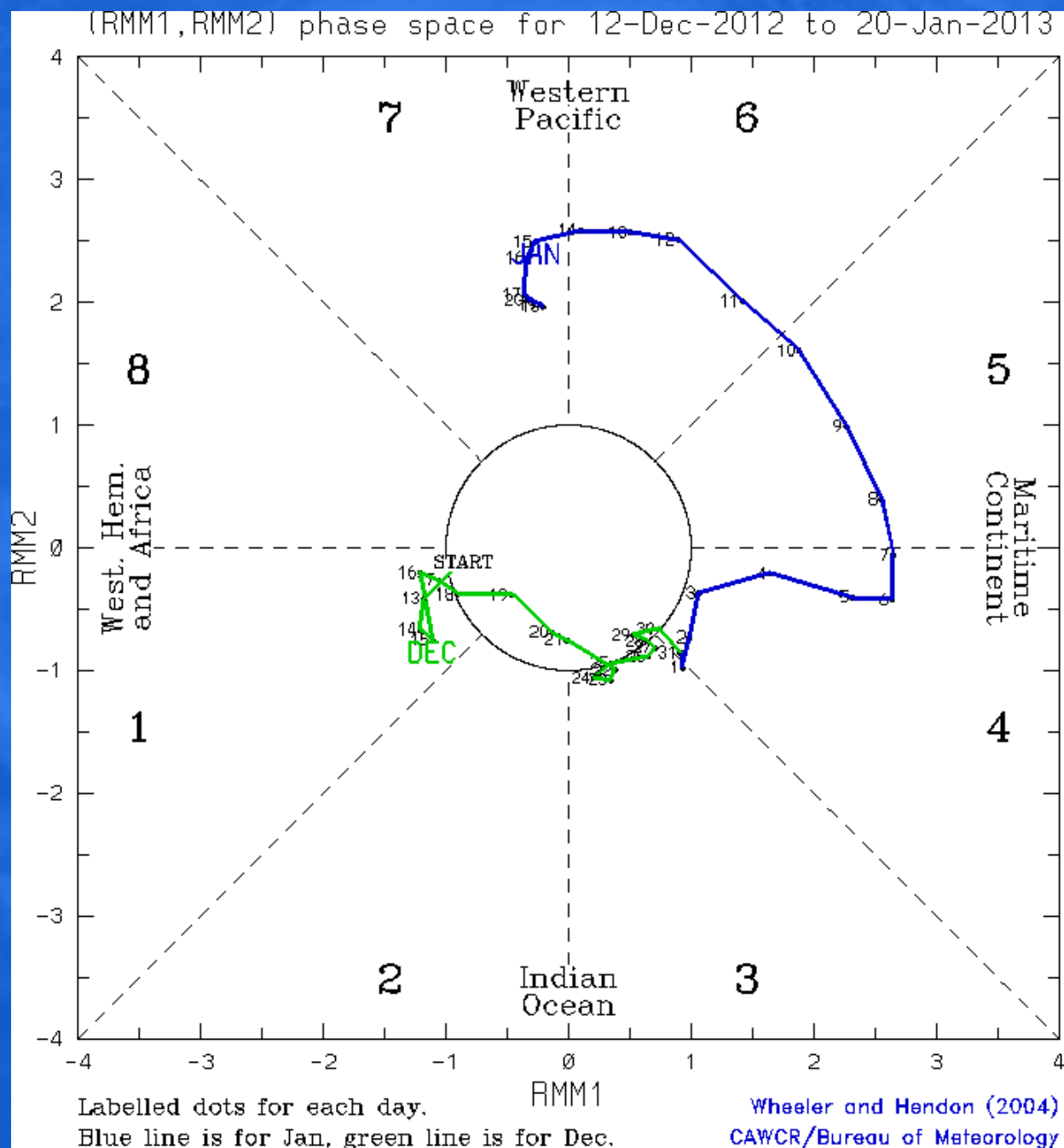
Major Hurricane  
Hurricane  
Tropical Storm  
Tropical Depression  
Subtropical Storm  
Subtropical Depression  
Wave/Low  
Extratropical  
● Position at 0000 UTC  
○ Position/date at 1200 UTC  
[5] Tropical Cyclone Number

# No Storm Formations in 2008



# MJO Propagation





# Two-Week Forecast Verification for 2012

Forecast Day	Predicted ACE	Observed ACE
8/3/12	Above-Average (9 or More)	10
8/17/12	Above-Average (19 or More)	20
8/31/12	Average (20-37)	39
9/14/12	Below-Average (14 or Less)	14
9/28/12	Average (8-15)	11
10/12/12	Above-Average (9 or More)	15

Correct Category

1 Category Miss

2 Category Miss

## **Arago's Admonition:**

“Never, no matter what may be the progress of science, will honest scientific men who have regard for their reputations venture to predict the weather.”